

From Monopoles to Fault-Tolerant Quantum Computation

Conference in honor of John Preskill's 60th birthday

Strong Interactions of Single Atoms & Photons
in 1 and 2-Dimensional Photonic Crystals

H. Jeff Kimble
California Institute of Technology, 14 March 2013

Quantum Information and Computation

Caltech - MIT - USC



DARPA
1995-2001



COVER SHEET FOR PROPOSAL TO THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

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NSF 99-167	04/17/00	NSF PROPOSAL NUMBER	
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Institute for Quantum Information
John Preskill
09/01/00

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PI/PD FAX NUMBER 626-793-9506					
NAMES (TYPED)	High Degree	Yr of Degree	Telephone Number	Electronic Mail Address	
H. J Kimble	Ph.D.	1978	626-395-8342	hjkimble@cco.caltech.edu	
CO-PI/PD John Doyle	ph.d.	1979			
John P Preskill	Ph. D.	1980	626-395-6691	preskill@theory.caltech.edu	
CO-PI/PD Michael L Roukes	Ph.D.	1985	626-395-2916	roukes@caltech.edu	
CO-PI/PD Axel Scherer	Ph.D.	1985	626-395-4691	etcher@caltech.edu	



John Preskill
Physics

Caltech Establishes IQI: Institute for Quantum Information
by John Preskill

“As with any revolutionary scientific insight, the long-term implications [of QIS] cannot be clearly anticipated, but we are confident that they will be profound. We also expect that the emergence of QIS will have an extensive eventual impact on how science is taught at the college and secondary level, and will bring a deeper understanding of quantum physics to a broad segment of the lay public.”
—John Preskill, Professor of Theoretical Physics



Alexei Kitaev
Physics and
Computer Science



Leonard Schulman
Computer Science



Gil Refael
Physics



Jeff Kimble
Physics



IQI Alumni: Postdocs

Eddy Ardonne

Salman Beigi

Sougato Bose

Sergey Bravyi

Darrick Chang

Andrew Childs

Andrew Doherty

Luming Duan

Lukasz Fidkowski

Steve Flammia

Alexei Gorshkov

Sean Hallgren

Patrick Hayden

Liang Jiang

Stephen Jordan

Liang Kong

Robert König

Nordita

IPM

UCL

IBM

ICFO

Waterloo

Sydney

Michigan

Stony Brook

Sydney

NIST

Penn State

McGill

Yale

NIST

New Hamp.

Waterloo

Debbie Leung

Netanel Lindner

Yi-Kai Liu

Ashwin Nayak

Stefano Pironio

David Poulin

Robert Raussendorf

Ben Reichardt

Norbert Schuch

Yaoyun Shi

Kirill Shtengel

Barbara Terhal

Frank Verstraete

Guifre Vidal

Stephanie Wehner

Pawel Wocjan

Shengyu Zhang

Waterloo

Technion

NIST

Waterloo

ULB

Sherbrooke

UBC

USC

Aachen

Michigan

UCR

Aachen

Vienna

Perimeter

Singapore

UCF

Hong Kong

34 former IQI postdocs hold faculty positions (or the equivalent).

13 US, 8 Canada, 7 Europe, 2 Asia, 2 Australia, 2 Middle East

Also: Dave Bacon (Google), Robin Blume-Kohout (Sandia), Sergio Boixo (ISI), Jon Yard (Microsoft)



INSTITUTE FOR QUANTUM INFORMATION AND MATTER

An NSF Physics Frontiers Center with support from the
Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation



GORDON AND BETTY
MOORE
FOUNDATION

IQIM at the Entanglement Frontier

→ A quest for qualitatively new physics in the quantum realm

Grand Challenges Spanning across the IQIM

1. Are all quantum systems in Nature computationally equivalent (i.e., is there a "Quantum Church-Turing" theorem)?
2. Is there an exhaustive classification of the quantum phases of matter? What are the topological properties of these phases?
3. How do we best discover highly entangled quantum states in Nature? Will fundamental insights in physics emerge?
4. Can we "build" exotic quantum systems? Will such systems be "useful" (e.g., to realize a *universal quantum simulator*, to enhance quantum metrology, ...)?
5. How do we robustly measure entanglement in quantum many-body systems?
6. How do we best realize nonabelian anyons and confirm their exotic statistics?
7. What are the physical limitations on quantum computation?

IQIM Professorial Faculty and Vision

Caltech Institute for Quantum Information and Matter

Physics

Jason Alicea

Rana Adhikari

Yanbei Chen

James Eisenstein

Matthew Fisher
(UCSB)

David Hsieh

Jeff Kimble

Alexei Kitaev (1/2)

Olexei Motrunich

Jerome Pine

John Preskill

Gil Refael

Michael Roukes

Nai-Chang Yeh

Applied Physics

Andrei Faraon

Oskar Painter

Keith Schwab

Kerry Vahala

Computer Science

Alexei Kitaev (1/2)

Leonard Schulman

IQIM Professorial Faculty - 19
≈ 30% of Caltech physics faculty

IQIM Vision

- The IQIM is driven by the belief that there is a rare convergence of theoretical insights and experimental capabilities that offers remarkable opportunities for discoveries of new principles and phenomena at the multidisciplinary interfaces of Physics and Quantum Information Science (QIS).
- We are merging analytic tools from the IQI with emerging laboratory capabilities in *CMP*, *AMOP*, and *QMMS* for the discovery of new exotic quantum states of matter and the advancement of core issues in physics.



IQIM Postdocs - 34

IQIM Senior Research Fellows - 3

IQIM Graduate Students - 48

IQIM Undergraduates - 11

Friday afternoon,
4:30 – 5:15pm
Afterwards 5:15 – ????pm
Refreshments
and social interactions



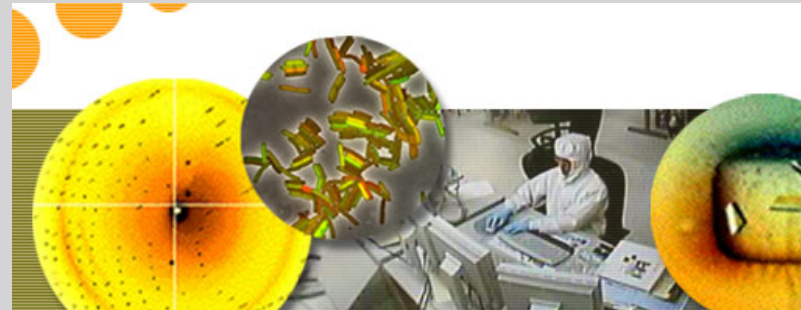
IQIM spans across Caltech with significant institute support

- Funding from the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation (November, 2010)
 - Brings together the diverse Caltech communities who focus on Quantum Mechanics at the table-top scale. Expands and substantiates our IQIM programs.
- Permanent home for NSF-sponsored Institute for Quantum Information - IQI
 - Annenberg Center for Information Science and Technology



The infamous "3J" Gang:
Jim (eisenstein)
John (preskill)
Jeff (kimble)

- Kavli Nanoscience Institute - KNI
 - KNI's mission is to advance the state of the art in nanofabrication



- Renovation of historic Bridge Building for IQIM faculty
 - Has brought together in one building many of the researchers that form IQIM



Institute for
Quantum Information and Matter

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Institute for
Quantum Information and Matter

<http://iqim.caltech.edu/>

Welcome

The Institute for Quantum Information and Matter (IQIM) at Caltech is a Physics Frontiers Center supported by the National Science Foundation and the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation. IQIM researchers study physical systems in which the weirdness of the quantum world becomes manifest on macroscopic scales. Our research programs span quantum information science, quantum many-body physics, quantum optics, and the quantum mechanics of mechanical systems.

IQIM Postdoctoral Fellowships

To apply, visit the [IQIM Postdoctoral Fellowship](#) web page

In the News



New Physics faculty, [Jason Alicea](#), discusses his circuitous path to physics and his current work toward developing the physics behind a quantum computer. Working with

collaborators Gil Refael and Matthew Fisher, they look forward to "combining traditional conventional materials that are already available on people's shelves—to design a device that's capable of performing bona fide universal quantum computation without decoherence. We don't know how to do that, but we've made some small steps in that direction fairly recently. That's what I'm most excited about right now." [[Read the full article introducing Jason Alicea](#)] 12.18.12



[Jeff Kimble](#), William L. Valentine Professor and Professor of Physics, is the 2013 recipient of the Herbert Walther Award, which is jointly made by the Deutsche Physikalische Gesellschaft (DPG) and the Optical

Society of America (OSA). Kimble is being recognized *For pioneering experimental contributions to quantum optics, cavity quantum electrodynamics, and quantum information science.* [[Read more of the press release here](#)] 11.21.12

Calendar

[IQIM Postdoctoral and Graduate Student Seminars](#)

[Institute for Quantum Information Science \(IQI\) Seminars](#)

[Condensed Matter Physics \(CMP\) Seminars](#)

[Physics Mathematics and Astronomy Seminars](#)

Upcoming Visitors

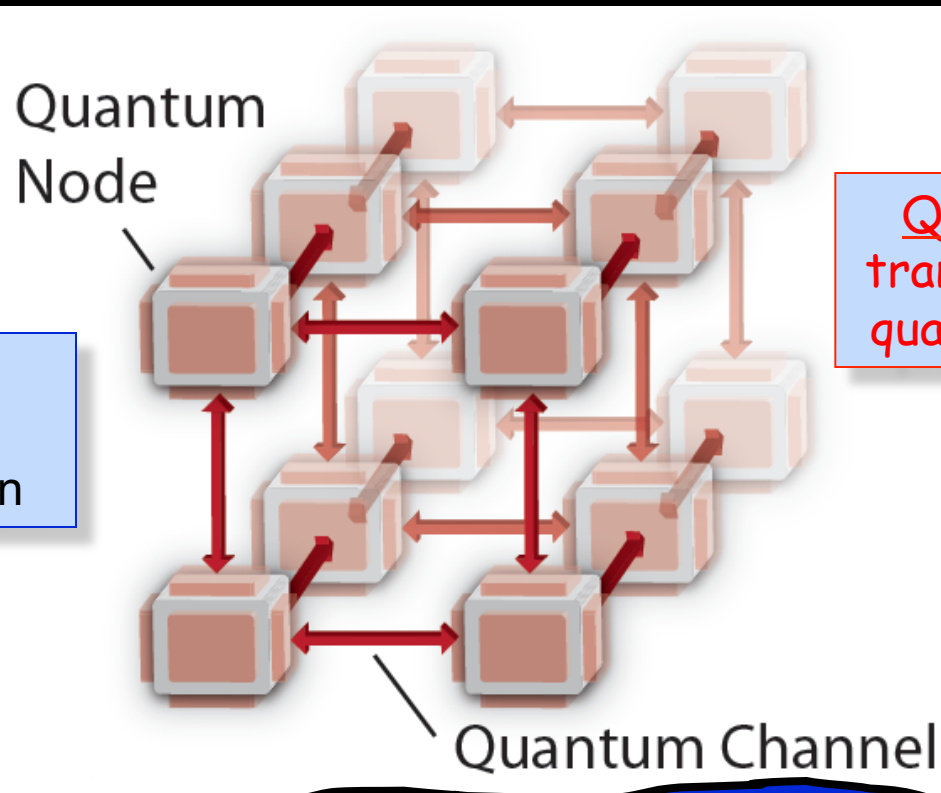
Keith Lee *Dec 31-Jan 18*
 Stephen Jordan *Jan 6 - 19*
 Stacey Jeffery *Jan 8-10*
 Kejie Fang *Jan 10-11*
 Steve Flammia *Jan 29*
 Andrew Doherty *Jan 29*
 Stephen Bartlett *Jan 29*
 David Perez-Garcia *Feb 10-24*
 Norbert Schuch *Feb 10-24*

[Complete list of visitors here](#)

Search: [→](#)

Quantum Networks

⇒ Fundamental Scientific Question and Diverse Technical Challenges



Quantum Node-
process / store
quantum information

Quantum Channel -
transport / distribute
quantum entanglement

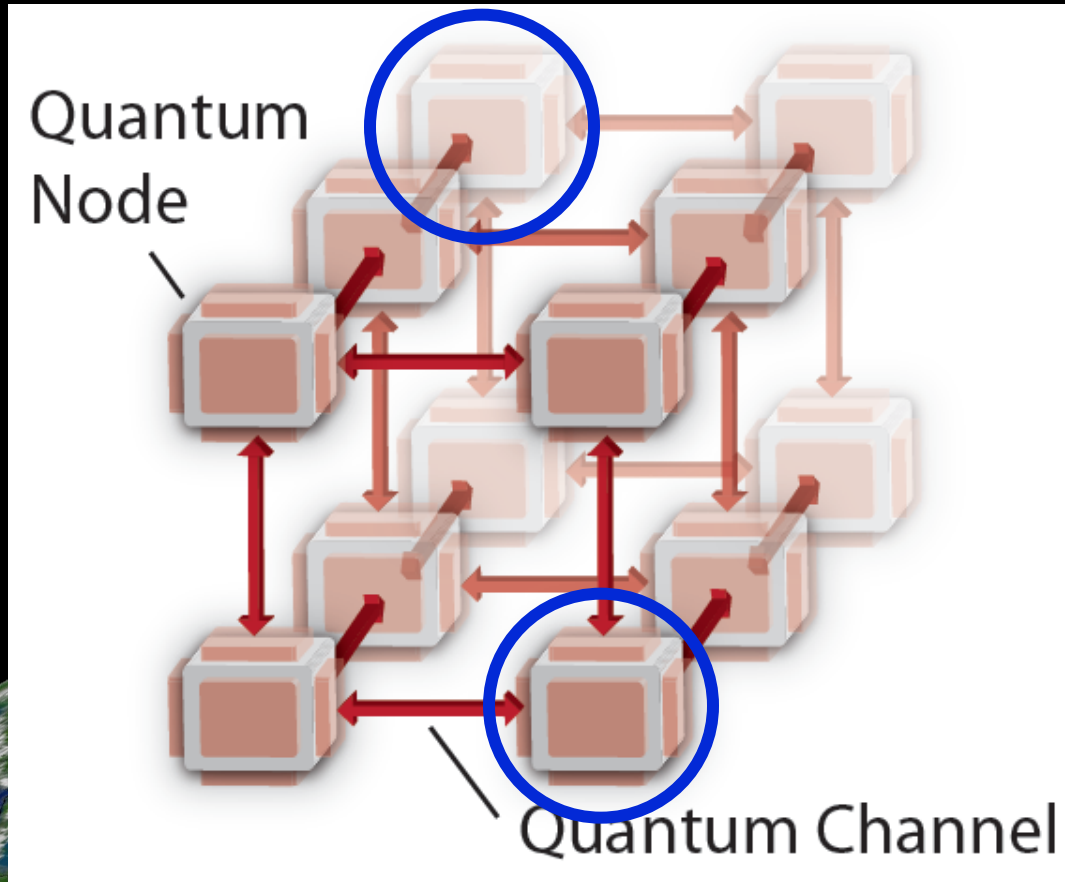
Theoretical issues

- Does it "work" - capabilities beyond *any* classical system
- Characterization of entangled states ⇒ Computationally intractable?

Experimental implementation

- Physical processes for reliable generation, processing, & transport of quantum states

Distribution of Entanglement across Quantum Networks

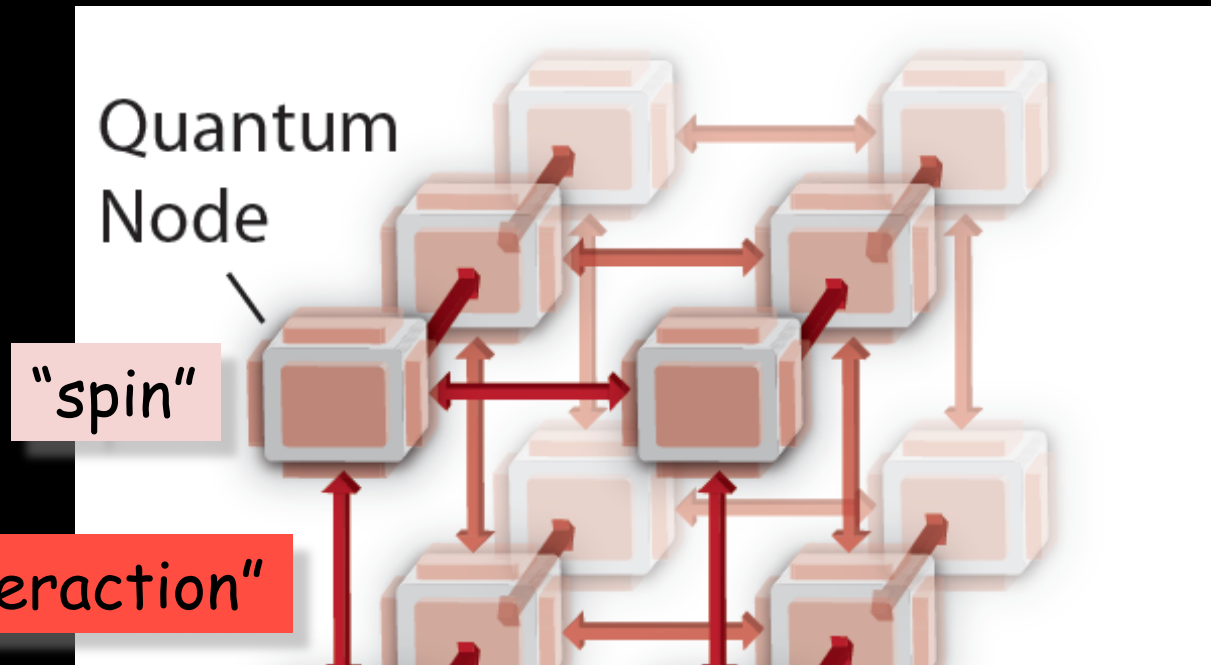


Entanglement percolation in quantum networks

nature physics | VOL 3 | APRIL 2007 | www.nature.com/naturephysics

ANTONIO ACÍN^{1,2*}, J. IGNACIO CIRAC^{3*†} AND MACIEJ LEWENSTEIN^{1,2*}

Quantum Networks for Quantum Simulation



Quantum many-body phenomena in coupled cavity arrays

Michael J. Hartmann^{1,2,3,*}, *Fernando G. S. L. Brandão*^{2,3}, and *Martin B. Plenio*^{2,3}

Laser & Photon. Rev. 2, No. 6, 527–556 (2008) / DOI 10.1002/lpor.200810046

Laser & Photonics
Reviews

L. Amico, R. Fazio, A. Osterloh, & V. Vedral,
"Entanglement in many-body systems," Rev. Mod. Phys. 80, 517 (2008)


R. P. Feynman, "Simulating Physics with Computers,"
Intl. J. of Th. Physics 21, 467 (1982)


Building Exotic Quantum Systems -

- ⇒ "Lego blocks" for the realization of complex quantum systems
- ⇒ Fundamental scientific question and diverse technical challenges



Laboratory realization of physical systems different in kind than have heretofore existed

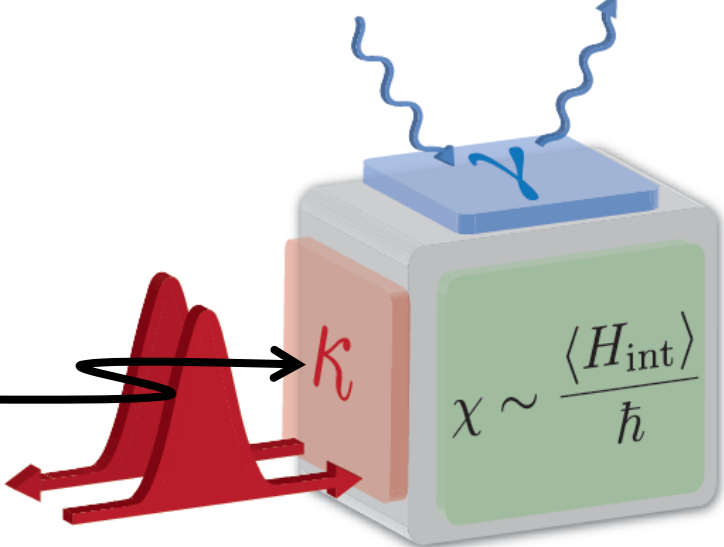
- 
- Quantum
- Quantum information processing
 - Quantum measurement
 - Quantum simulation



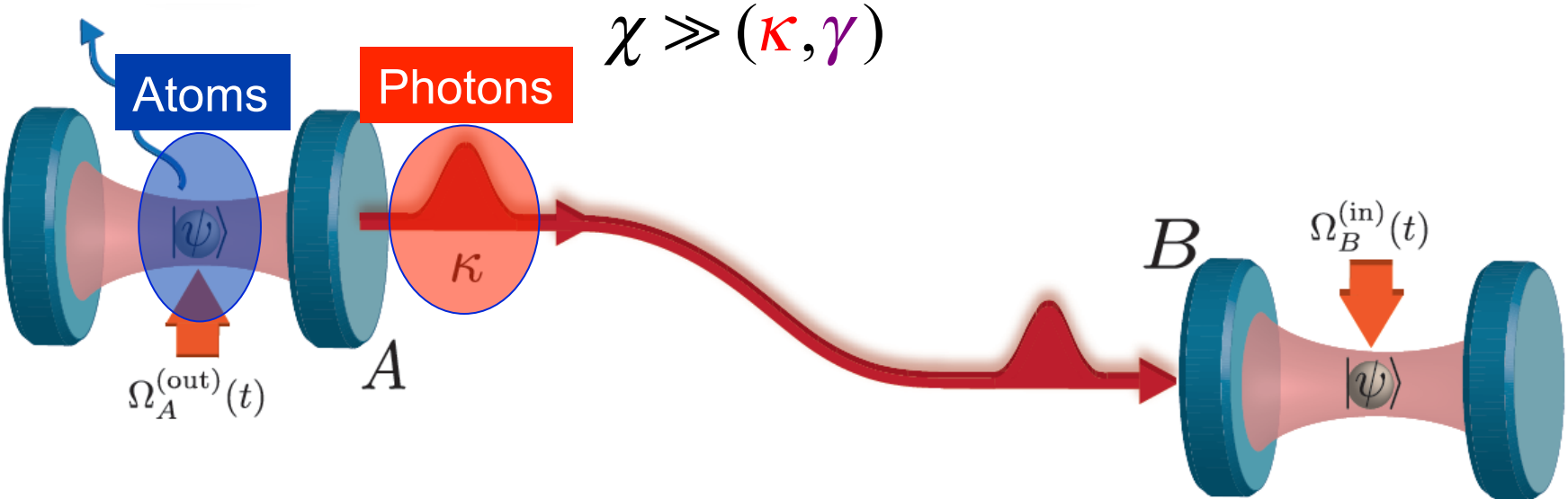
Characterization and verification of entanglement for multipartite systems - for N qubits, 2^{2N} elements of $\hat{\rho}$.

1) A Quantum Interface between Matter and Light

What's inside here?



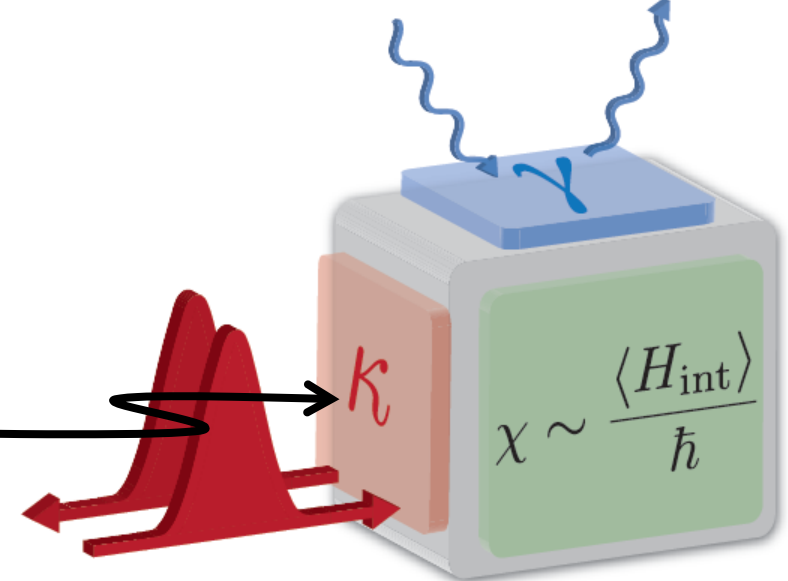
- Strongly coupled atom - photon via cavity QED



• Cirac, Zoller, Kimble & Mabuchi, PRL 78, 3221 (1997)

2) A Quantum Interface between Matter and Light

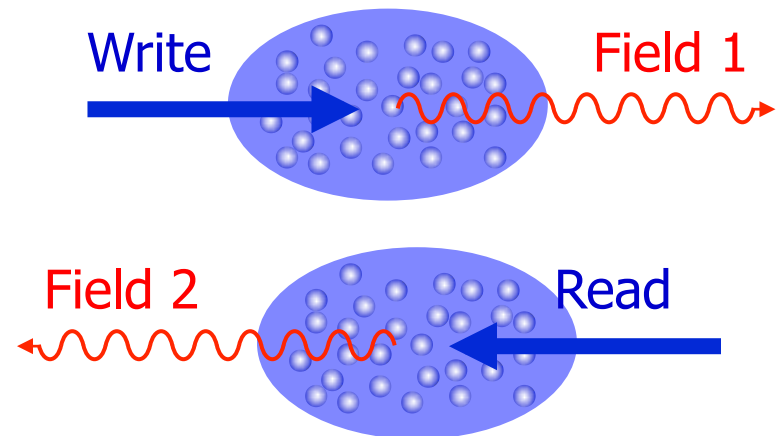
What's inside here?



- Ensemble of $\sim 10^5$ atoms
- Strong interaction of single photons and collective spin excitations
- Raymer; Bigelow, Kuzmich, Mandel, Polzik; ..., Fleischhauer, Lukin, ...

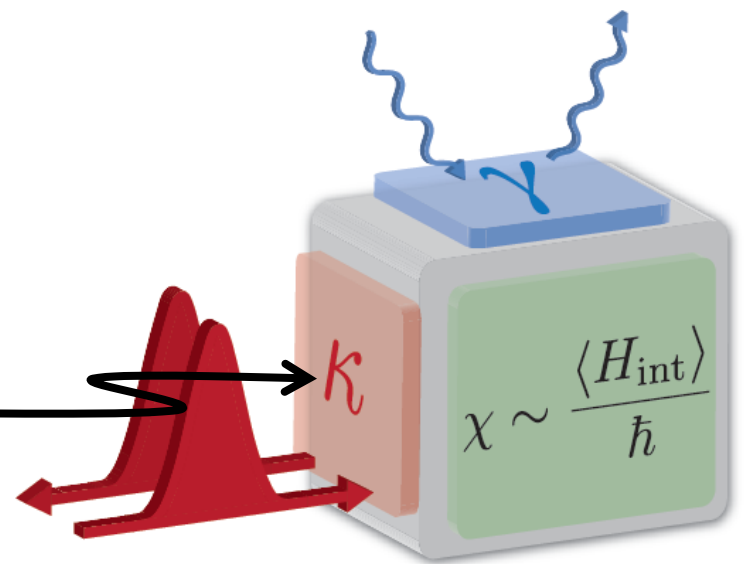
• Duan, Cirac, Lukin & Zoller - *DLCZ*, Nature 414, 413 (2001)

Writing and Reading
single spin excitations
via Raman processes

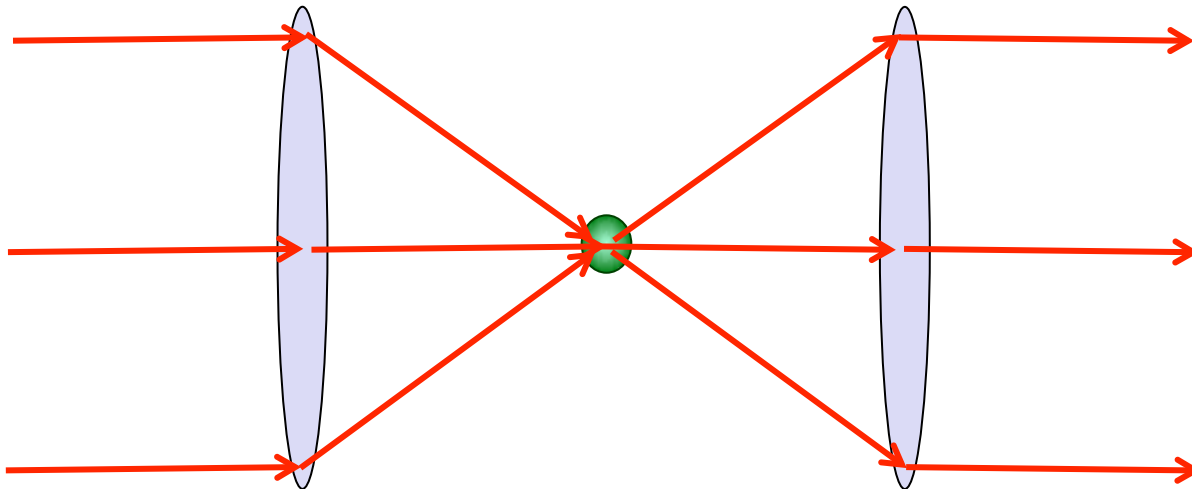


3) A Quantum Interface between Matter and Light

What's inside here?



- Strong focusing of one photon onto a localized atom
- Efficient collection of atomic emission of single photons

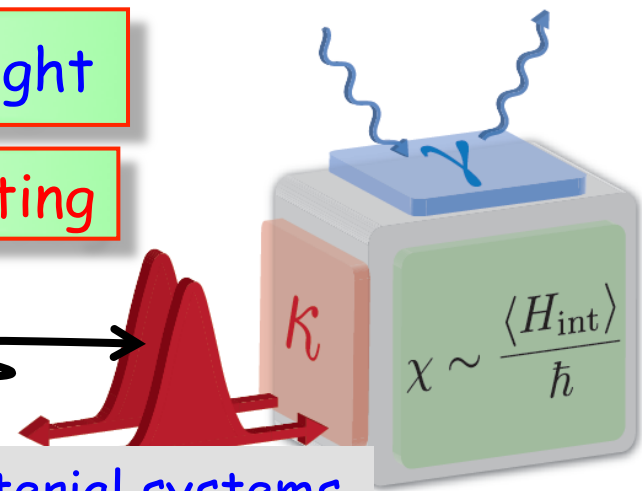


"Single atom in free space as a quantum aperture,"
van Enk & Kimble, PRL 61, 051802 (2000)

A Quantum Interface between Matter and Light

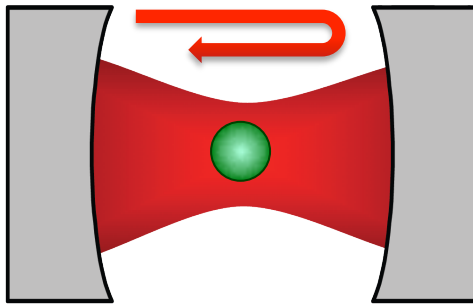
A new frontier to achieve 1), 2), 3) in one setting

What's inside here?

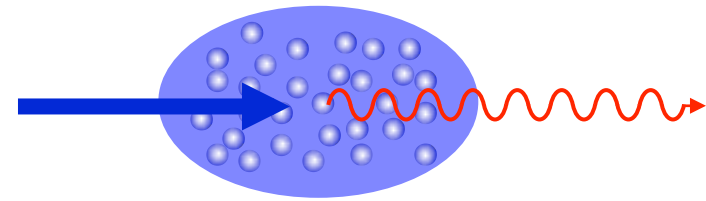


➤ Strong interactions of single photons with material systems

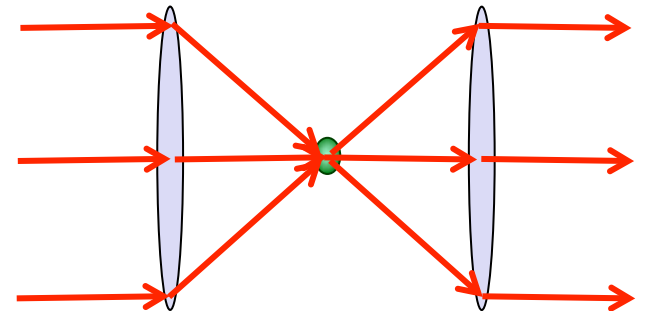
1. Multi-pass interactions and small mode volume in an optical cavity (cQED)



2. Large optical depth (e.g., atomic ensembles)

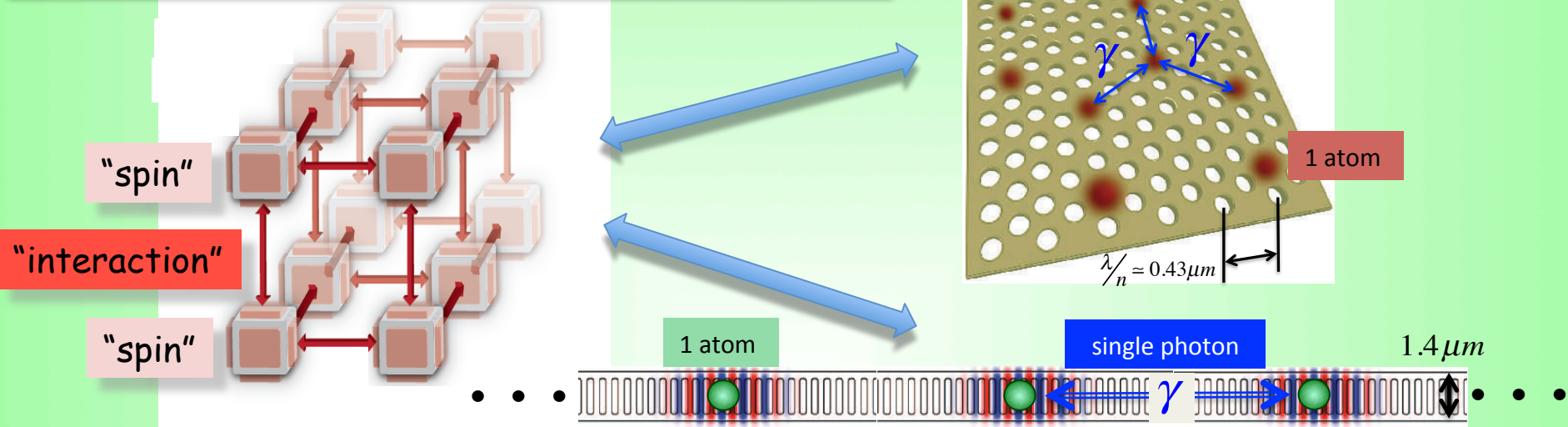


3. Strong focusing (localization) of light



Quantum Networks in Quantum Optics \Leftrightarrow CMP to IQI

Quantum computation, communication & metrology
Quantum many-body physics

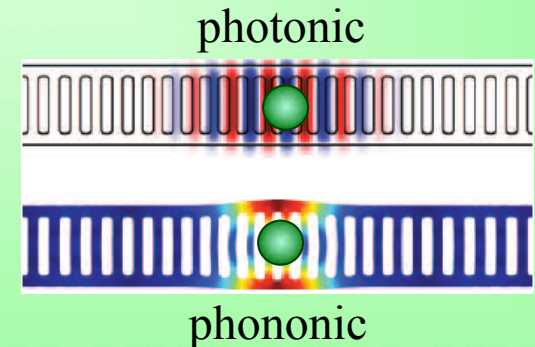


- How to realize such systems in the laboratory?
 - Strong collaboration between Physics and Applied Physics (Kimble, Painter, Vahala)

- What physics to anticipate from such systems?
 - Refael, QMBP in Condensed Matter; IQIM visitors: Chang, Cirac, van Enk

- Robust characterization of laboratory systems
 - IQI – Preskill & Refael, entanglement verification?
 - IQI & CMP – *physical* manifestations of entanglement?

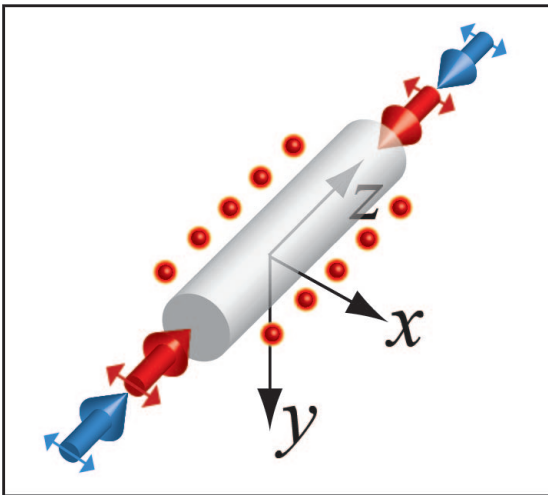
- Strong interactions of single atoms, photons, & *phonons*
 - Painter & Vahala, opto-mechanical crystals





A State-Insensitive, Compensated Nanofiber Trap

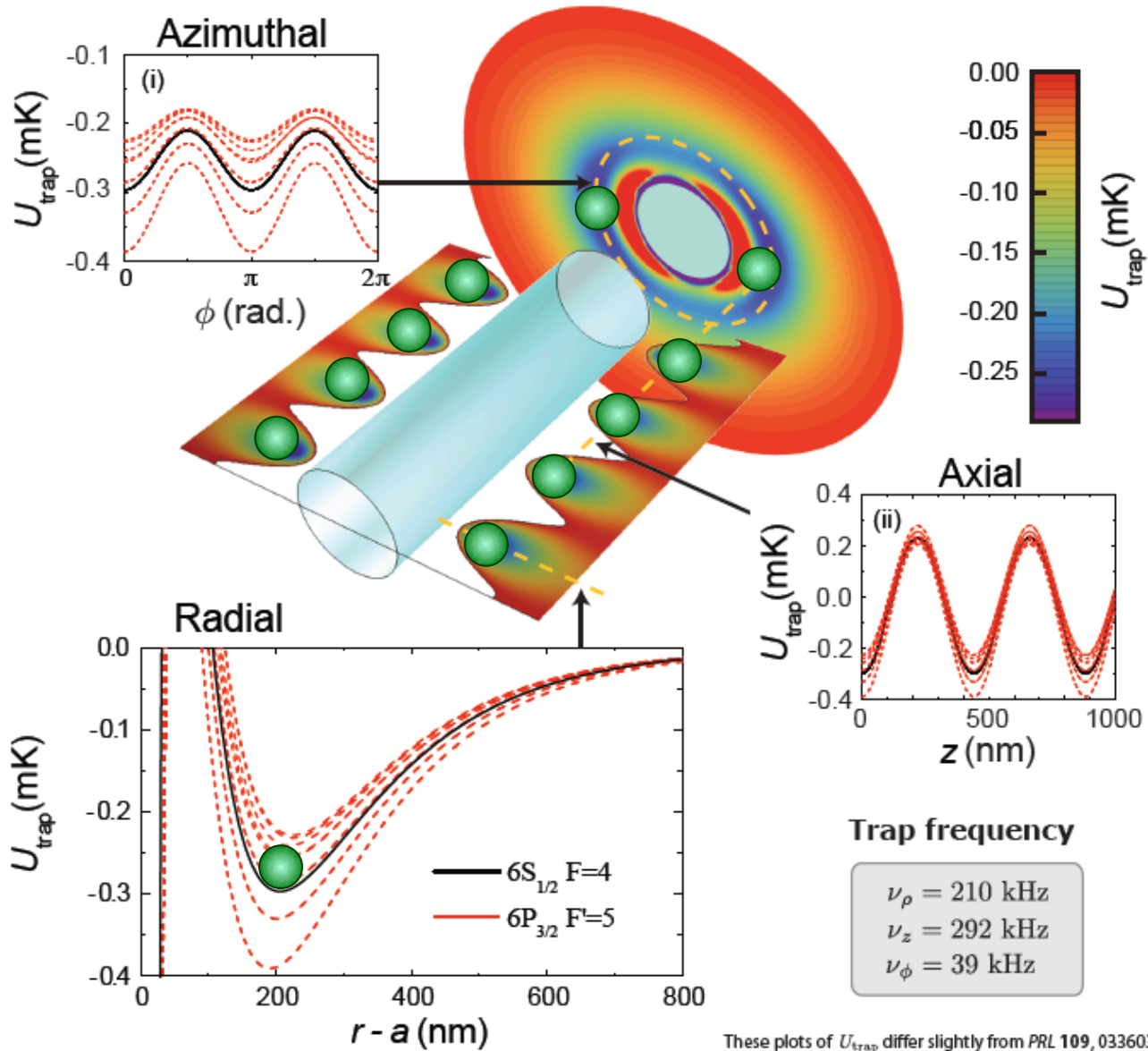
C. Lacroute *et al.*, New J. Phys.14, 023056 (2012)



SiO₂ nano-fiber
diameter = 430nm

Trap parameters

$\lambda_{\text{red}} = 935 \text{ nm}$
 $P_{\text{red}} = 2 \times 0.4 \text{ mW}$
 $\lambda_{\text{blue}} = 687 \text{ nm}$
 $P_{\text{blue}} = 2 \times 5 \text{ mW}$
 $f_r = 216 \text{ kHz}$
 $f_z = 294 \text{ kHz}$
 $f_\phi = 41 \text{ kHz}$



These plots of U_{trap} differ slightly from PRL 109, 033603 due to errors in Lacroute *et al.**

Nano-Fiber Crew –

Kyung Choi (KIST)

Juan
Muniz Silva

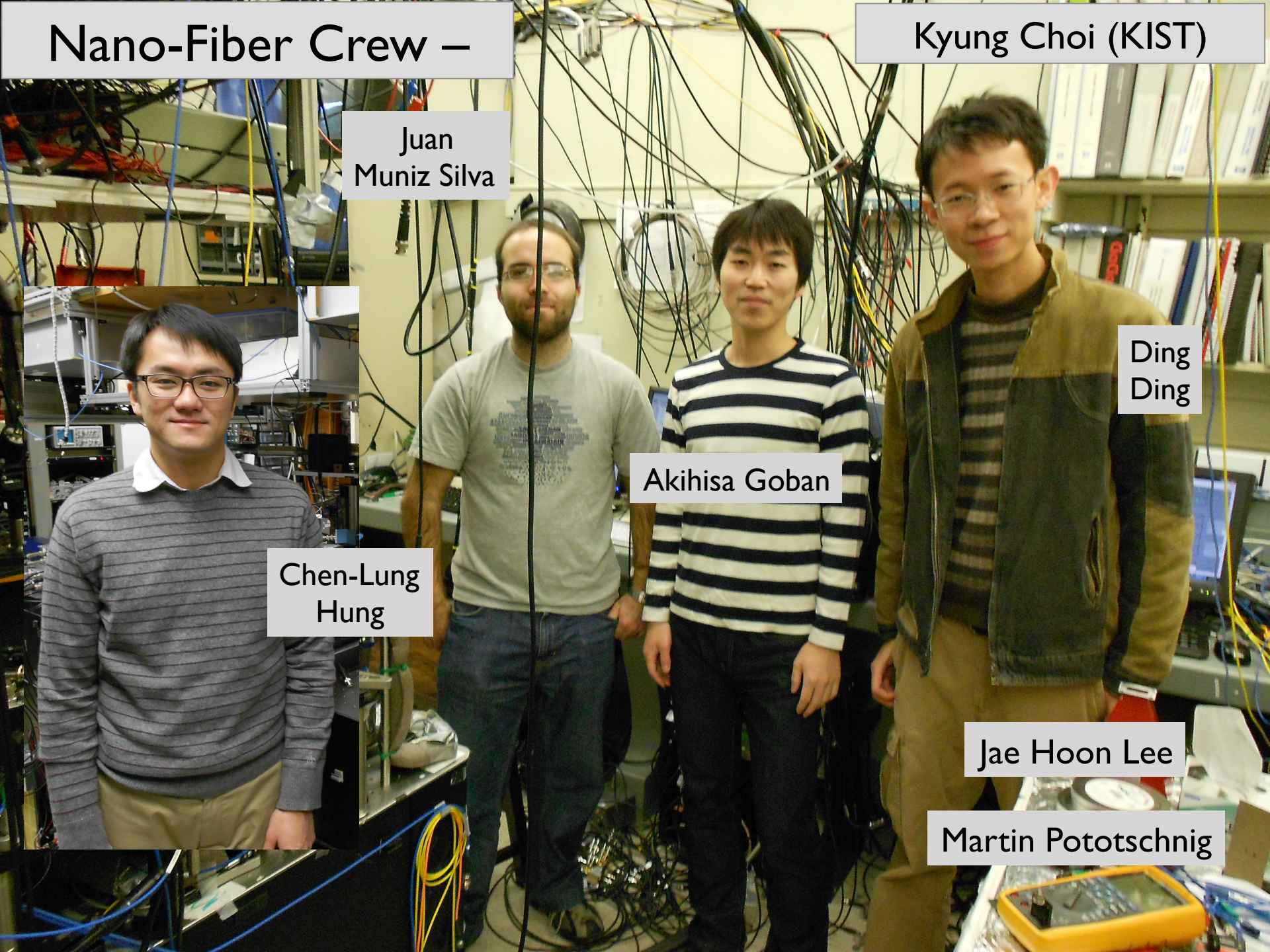
Ding
Ding

Akihisa Goban

Chen-Lung
Hung

Jae Hoon Lee

Martin Pototschnig

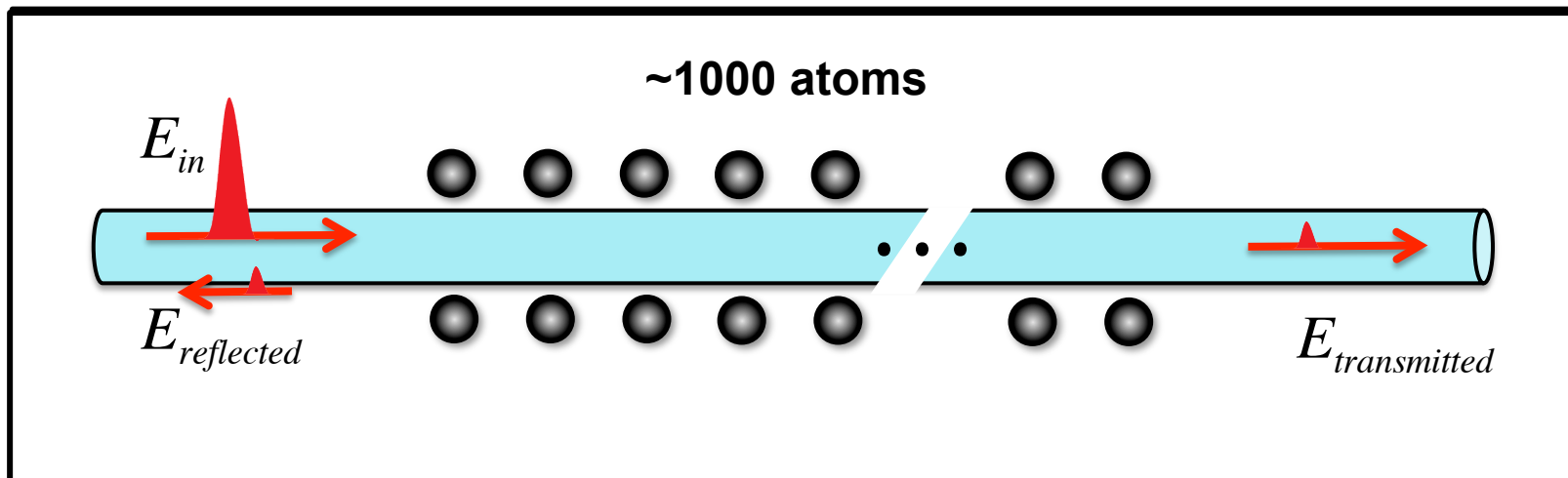
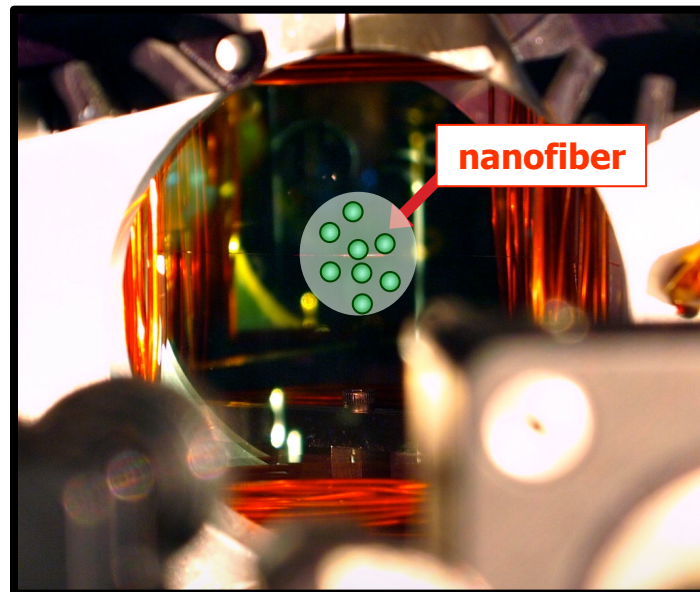
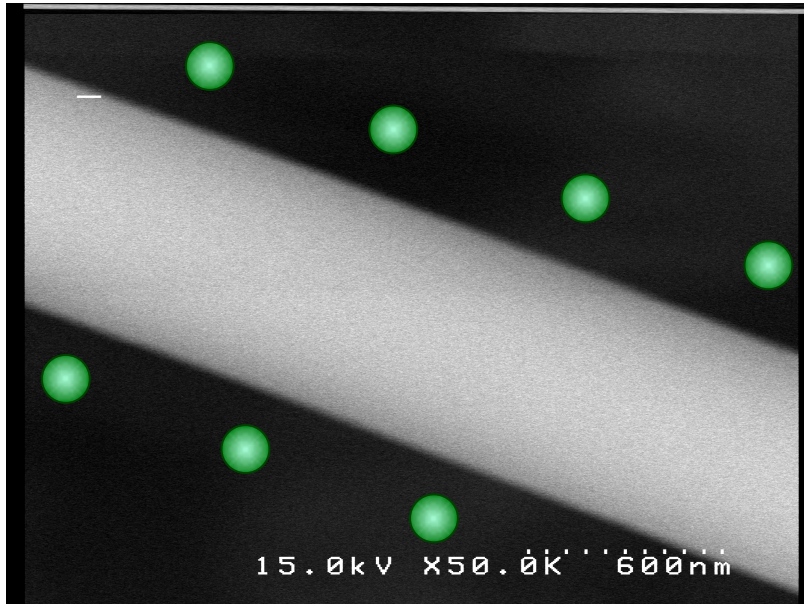




Demonstration of a State-Insensitive Nanofiber Trap

A. Goban *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **109**, 033603 (2012); arXiv:1203.5108v1

Nano-fiber

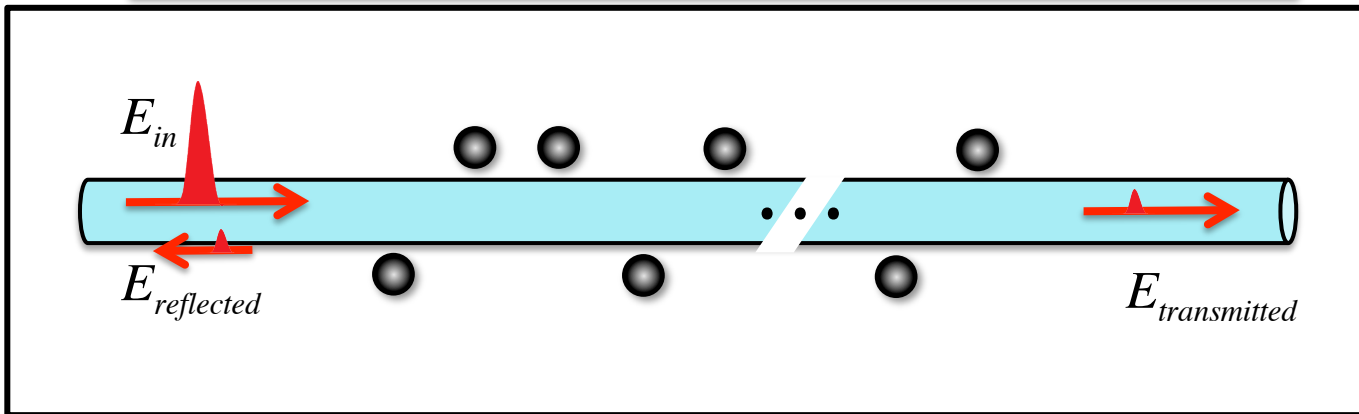




Absorption Spectroscopy for a Nano-Fiber Trap

Goban *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **109**, 033603 (2012); arXiv:1203.5108v1

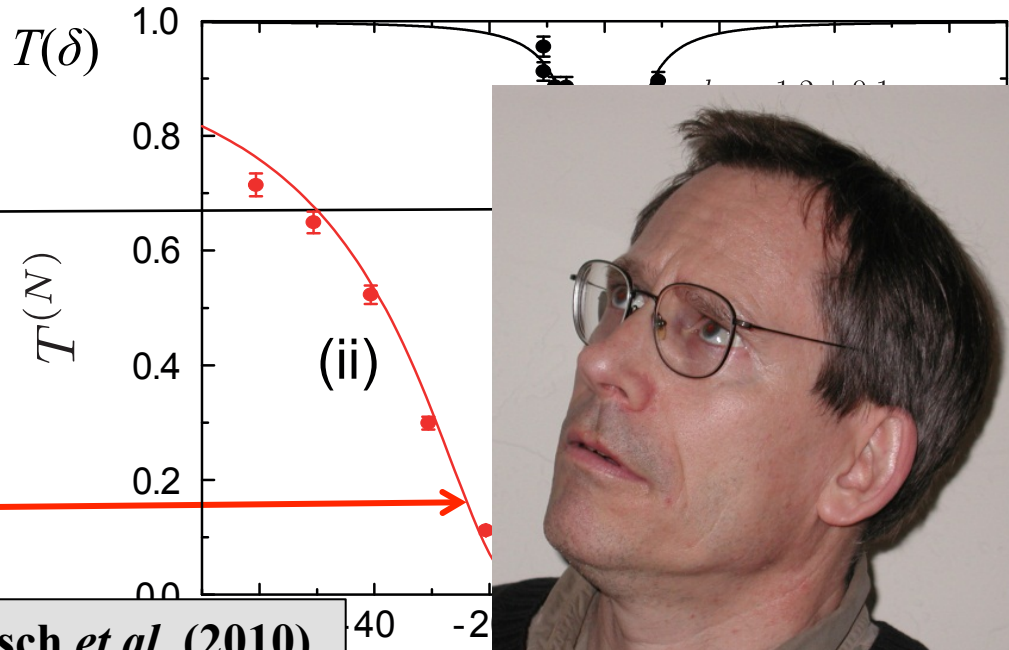
$N_A \approx 800$ trapped atoms; $f \approx 0.2$ fraction of sites occupied



$$T(\delta) = \frac{|E_{in}|^2}{|E_{transmitted}|^2}$$

(trap at $\tau \approx 300$ ms)
Linewidth = 5.7 ± 0.1 MHz
(4.94 + 0.32) MHz \sim 5.26 MHz
Frequency shift < 0.5 MHz

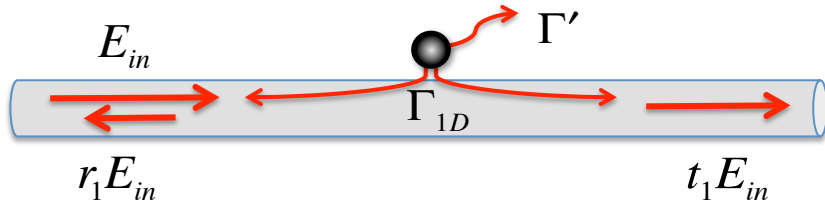
(trap at $\tau \approx 1$ ms)
Optical depth $\approx 66 \pm 17$
OD/atom $\sim 8\%$



Recall Vetsch *et al.* (2010)
OD/atom $\sim 0.65\%$

An Atomic Chain Coupled to a Nano-Fiber Waveguide

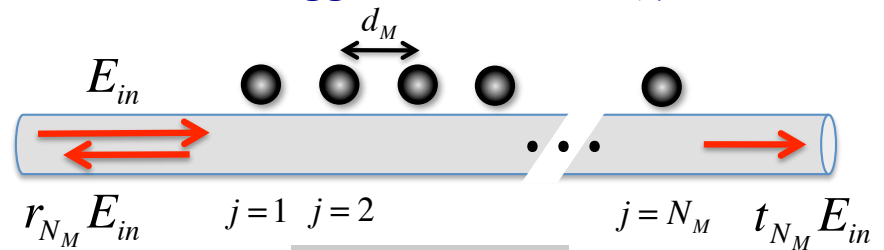
Single atom coupling



$$r_1 = \frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma' + \Gamma_{1D}} = 0.2$$

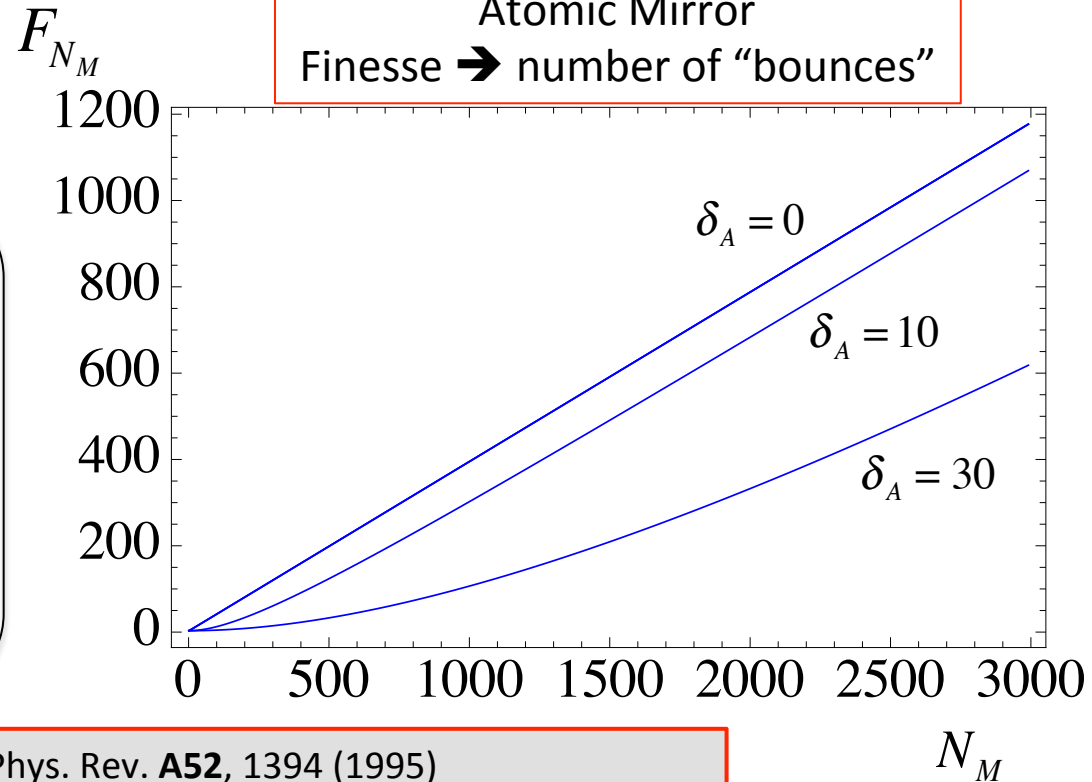
Current experiment - $r_1 \approx 0.07$
 Projected - $r_1 \approx 0.9$

Atomic Bragg mirror with N_M atoms

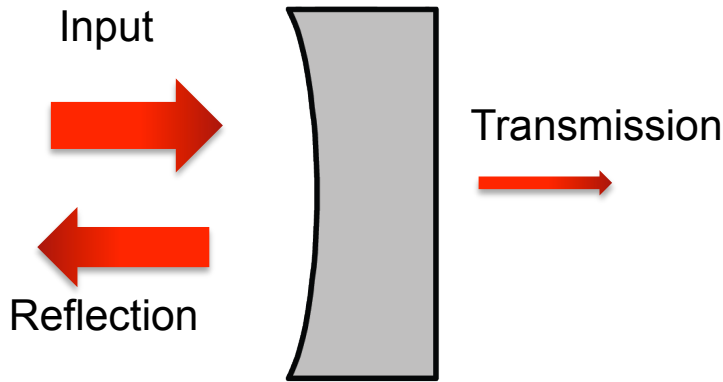


$$k_{probe} \times d_M = \pi$$

Atomic Mirror
 Finesse \rightarrow number of "bounces"



Dielectric Mirror

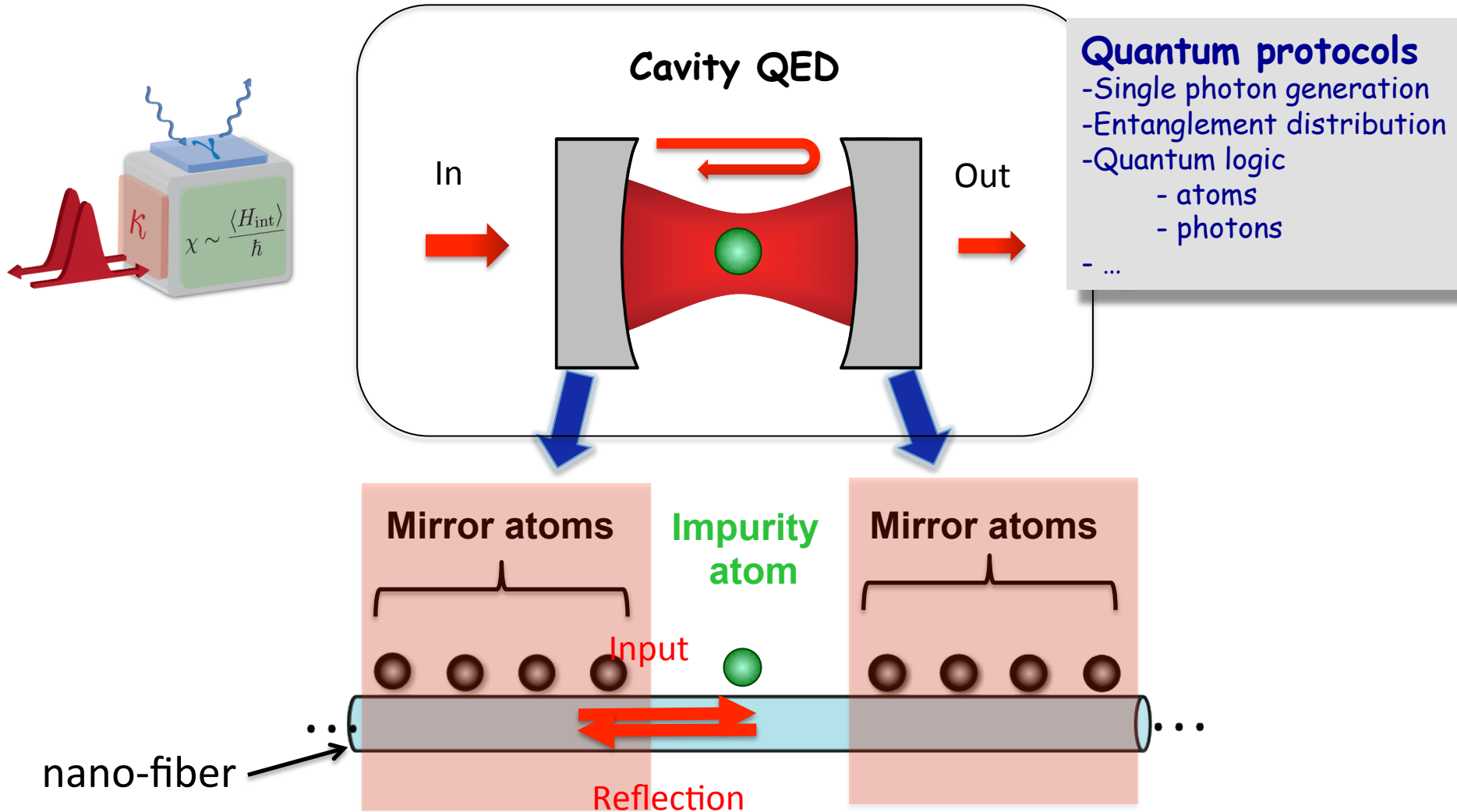


[I. Deutsch, R. Spreuw, S. Rolston & W. Phillips, Phys. Rev. **A52**, 1394 \(1995\)](#)

[Y. Chang, Z. R. Gong & C. P. Sun, Phys. Rev. **A83**, 013825 \(2011\);](#) [A. Schilke, C. Zimmermann, P. W. Courteille and W. Guerin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 106 223903 \(2011\);](#) ...

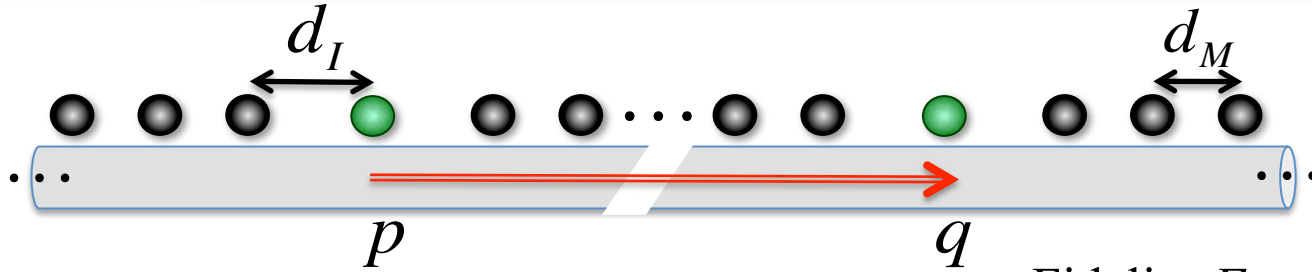
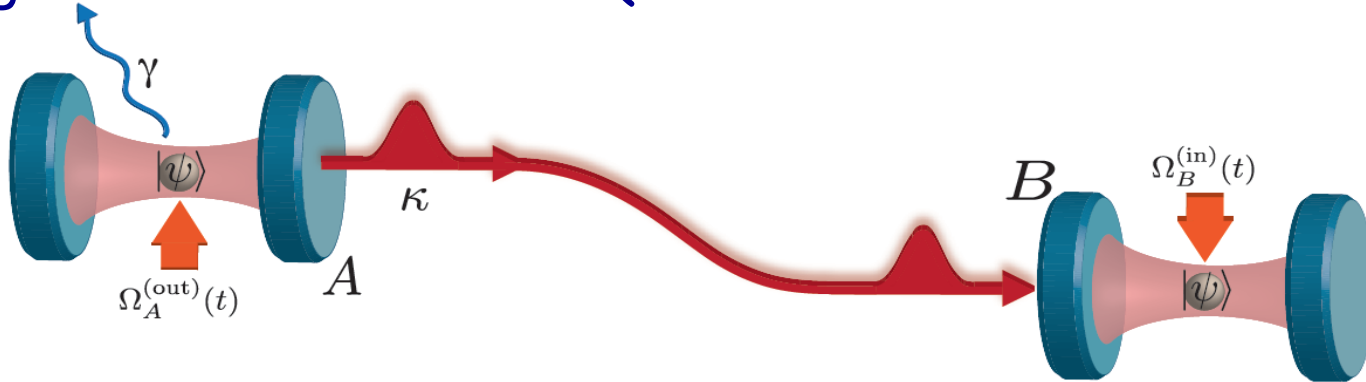
Cavity QED with Atomic Mirrors

D. Chang, L. Jiang, A. Gorshkov & H.J. Kimble, N. J. Phys. 14 063003 (2012); arXiv:1201.0643



**Mirrors as coherent quantum memories
strongly coupled to single impurity atom**

Building Blocks for Scalable Quantum Information Processing*



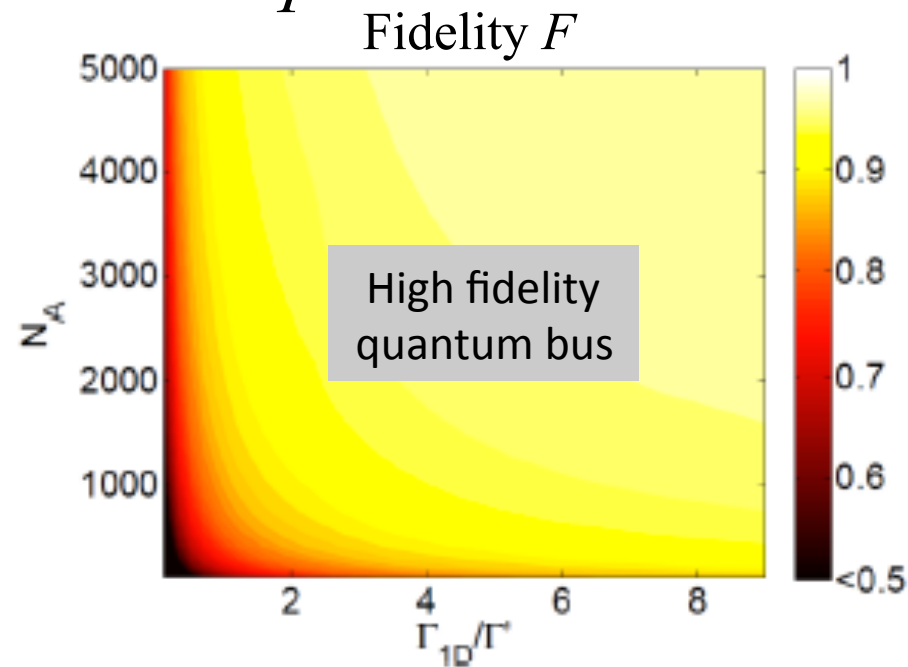
Example -

Quantum state transfer from atom p to atom q

$$\left(c_1 |s_p\rangle + c_2 |g_p\rangle \right) \otimes |g_q\rangle$$

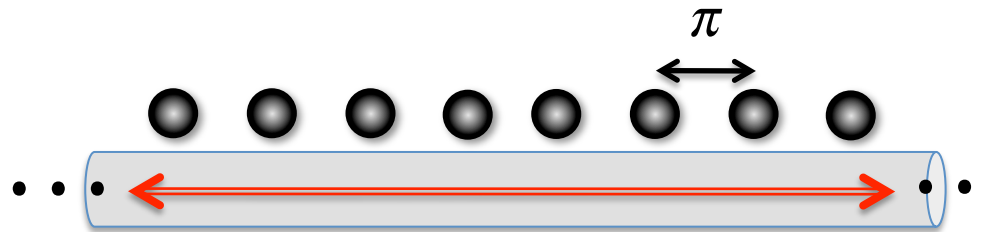
↓

$$|g_p\rangle \otimes \left(c_1 |s_q\rangle + c_2 |g_q\rangle \right)$$



*D. Chang, L. Jiang, A. Gorshkov & H.J. Kimble, New J. Phys. 14 063003 (2012); arXiv:1201.0643

Photon-Mediated Dipole-Dipole Interactions*



Master equation for the atomic density matrix ρ

$$\dot{\rho} = -i[H_{dd}, \rho] + \mathcal{L}_{dd}[\rho],$$

where

$$H_{dd} = (\Gamma_{1D} / 2) \sum_{j,k} \sin k_A |z_j - z_k| \sigma_{eg}^j \sigma_{ge}^k$$

and

$$\mathcal{L}_{dd}[\rho] = -(\Gamma_{1D} / 2) \sum_{j,k} \cos k_A |z_j - z_k| \left(\sigma_{eg}^j \sigma_{ge}^k \rho + \rho \sigma_{eg}^j \sigma_{ge}^k - 2 \sigma_{ge}^k \rho \sigma_{eg}^j \right)$$

H_{dd} - coherent dipole-dipole coupling between atoms j, k

\mathcal{L}_{dd} - cooperative atomic emission (e.g., super- and sub-radiance)

→ “Infinite” range spin-spin interactions with sinusoidal coupling set by Γ_{1D}

*D. Chang, L. Jiang, A. Gorshkov & H.J. Kimble, N. J. Phys. 14 063003 (2012)

Le Kien F, Dutta Gupta S, Nayak K P and Hakuta K, Phys. Rev. A **72** 063815 (2005)

Shen J T and Fan S 2005, *Opt. Lett.* **30** 2001 (2005)

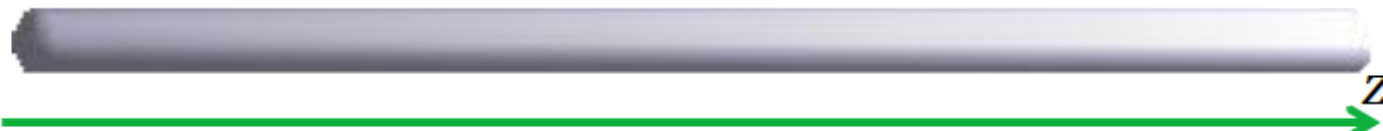
Zoubi H and Ritsch H, New J. Phys. **12** 103014 (2010)

Dzsotjan AS, Sørensen, and Fleischhauer, Phys. Rev. B **82**, 075427 (2010)

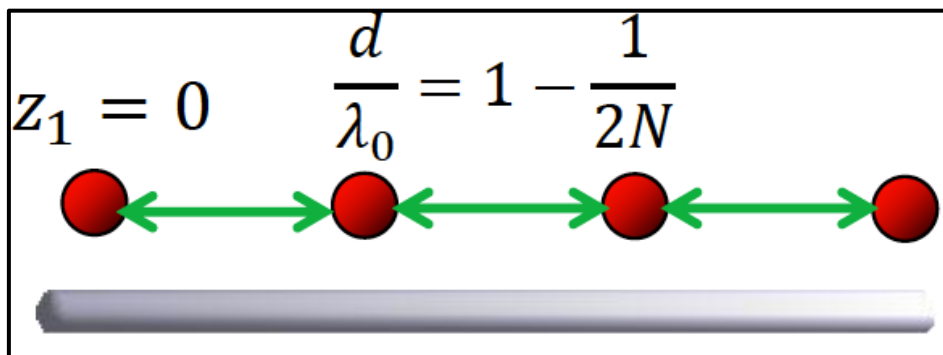
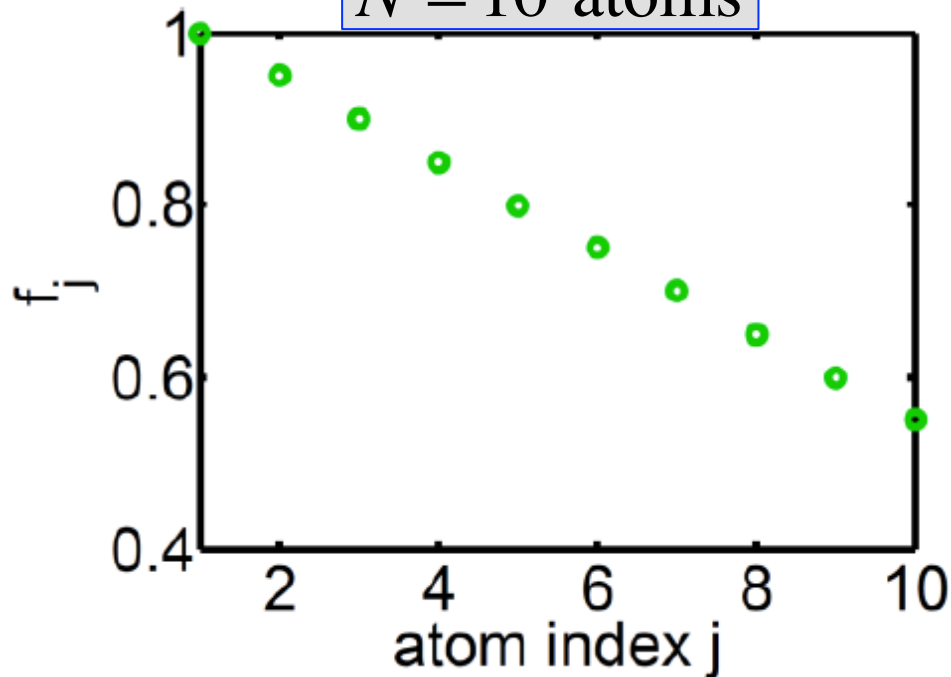
Self Organization of Atoms along a 1-D Waveguide

D. Chang, I. Cirac, & H.J. Kimble, arXiv1211.5660v1 (2012); PRL (2013)

External pump field Ω

$$z_1 = 0 \quad \frac{z_2}{\lambda_0} = n_2 + f_2 \quad \frac{z_3}{\lambda_0} = n_3 + f_3 \quad z_4 = \dots$$


$N = 10$ atoms



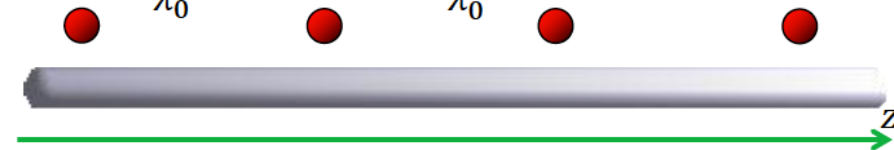
Self Organization of Atoms along a 1-D Waveguide

D. Chang, I. Cirac, & H.J. Kimble, arXiv1211.5660v1 (2012); PRL (2013)

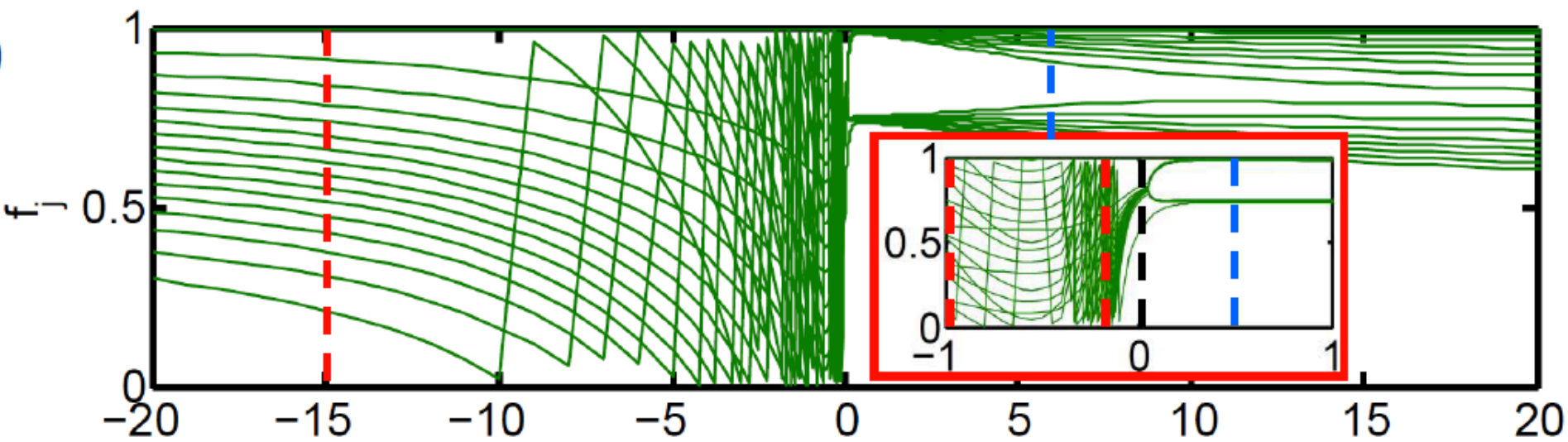
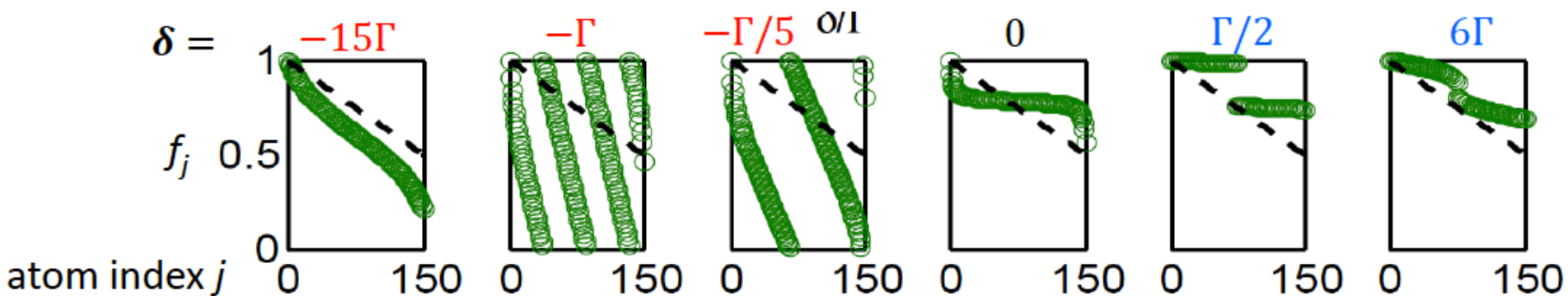
External pump field Ω

$N = 150$ atoms

$$z_1 = 0 \quad \frac{z_2}{\lambda_0} = n_2 + f_2 \quad \frac{z_3}{\lambda_0} = n_3 + f_3 \quad z_4 = \dots$$



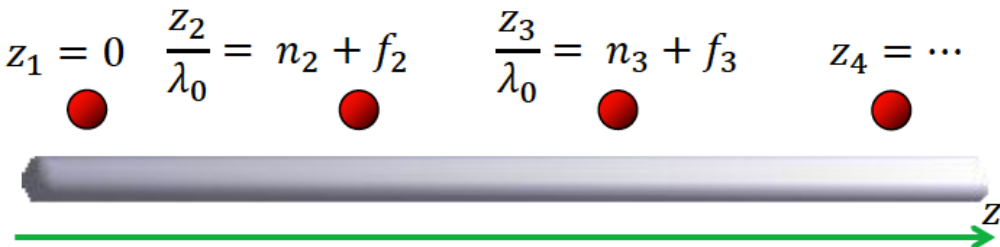
$$\frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma'} = 0.25 \rightarrow r_1 = \frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma' + \Gamma_{1D}} = 0.2$$



Self Organization of Atoms along a 1-D Waveguide

D. Chang, I. Cirac, & H.J. Kimble, arXiv1211.5660v1 (2012); PRL (2013)

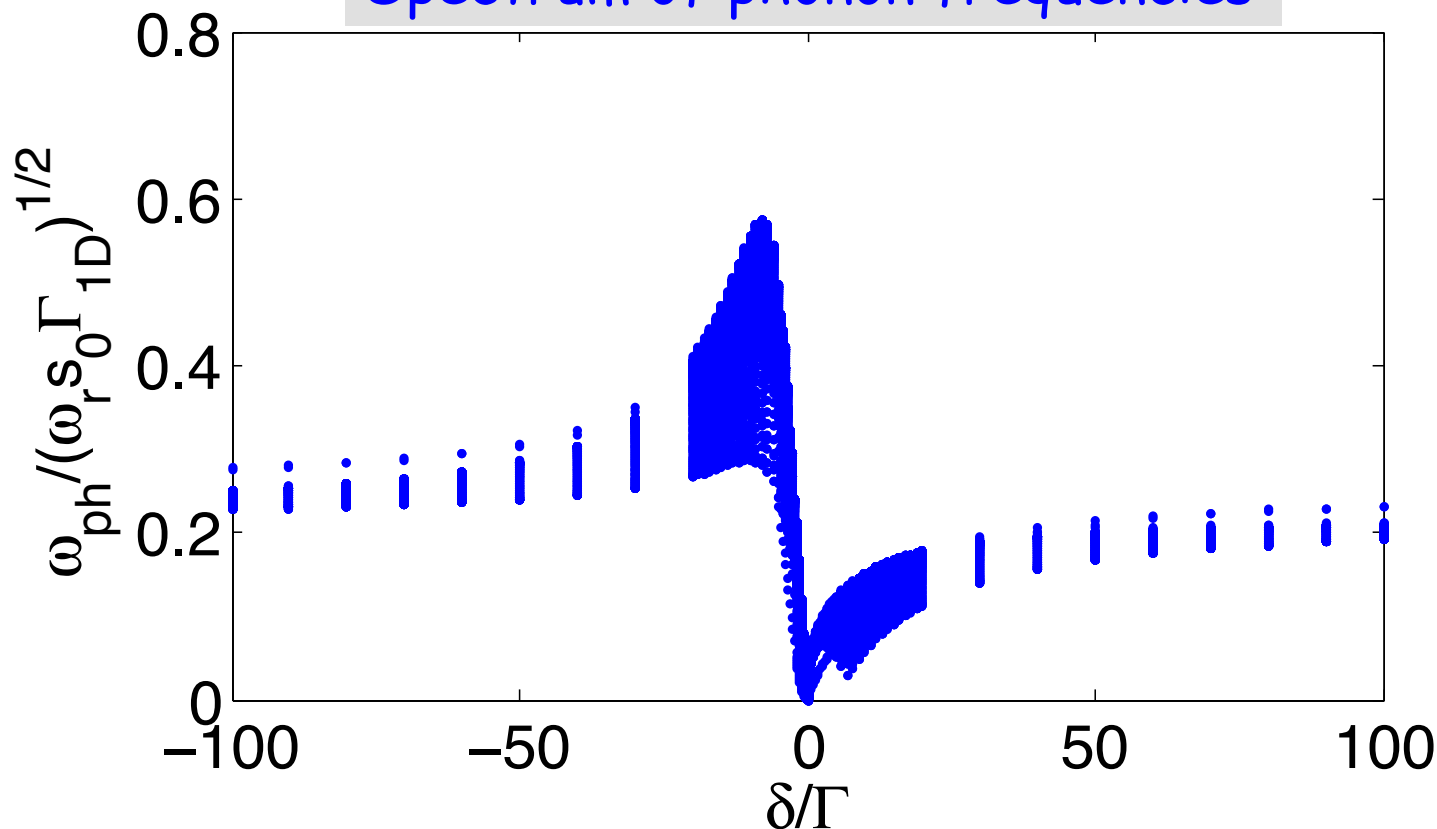
External pump field Ω



$N = 150$ atoms

$$\frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma'} = 0.25 \rightarrow r_1 = \frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma' + \Gamma_{1D}} = 0.2$$

Spectrum of phonon frequencies



Self Organization of Atoms along a 1-D Waveguide

D. Chang, I. Cirac, & H.J. Kimble, , arXiv1211.5660v1 (2012); PRL (2013)

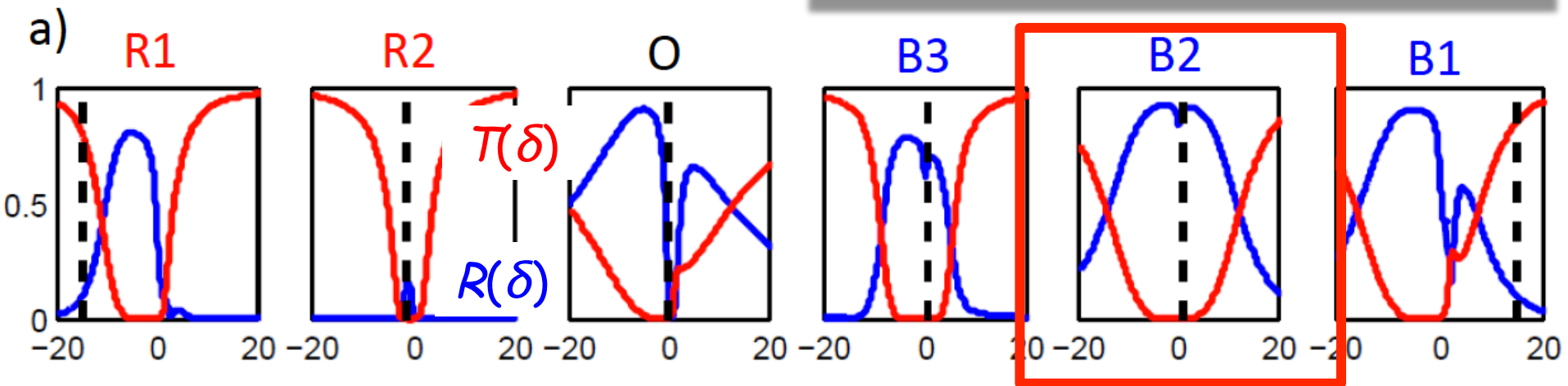
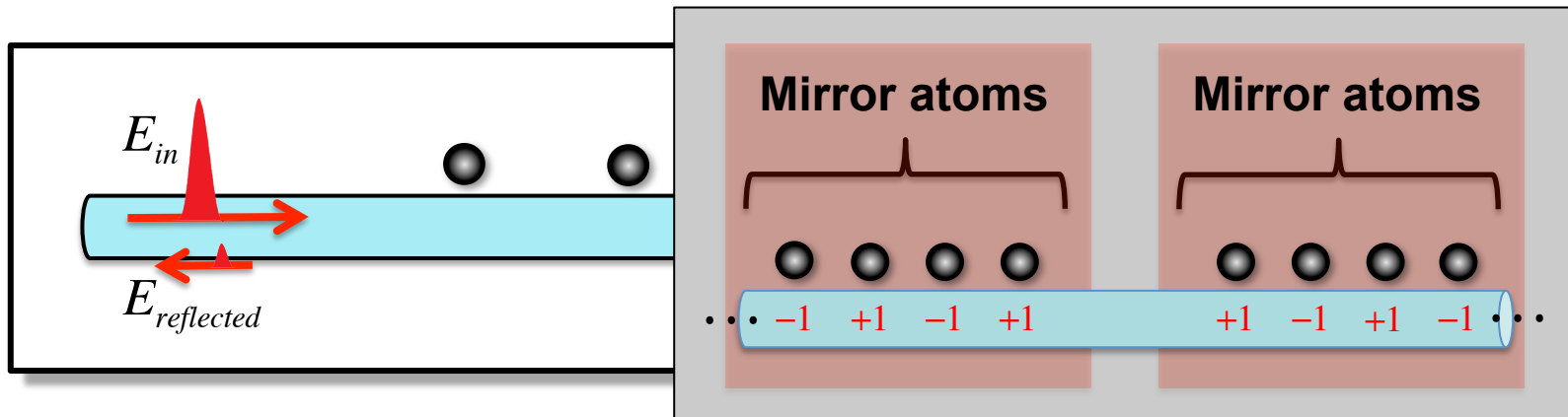
Probing 1-d self-organized "lattices"

Reflection spectra $R(\delta)$

Transmission spectra $T(\delta)$

$N = 150$ atoms

$$\Gamma_{1D} / \Gamma' = 0.25 \rightarrow r_1 = \frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma' + \Gamma_{1D}} = 0.2$$

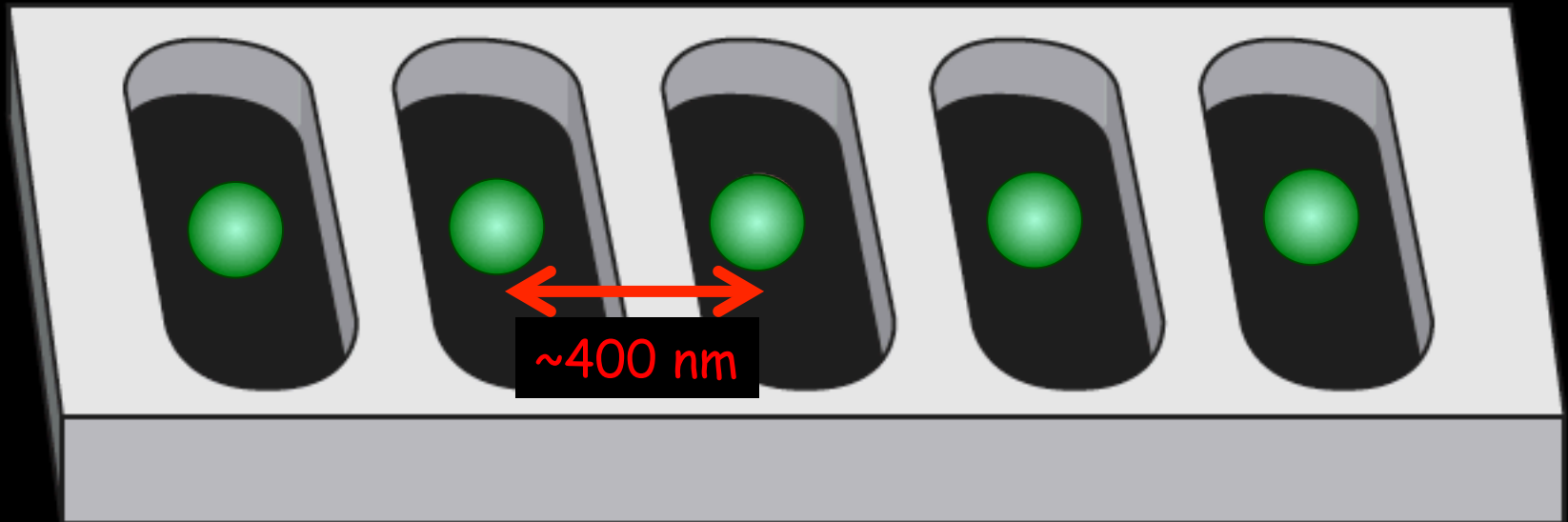


A Exciting Way Forward - Quantum Optics and Atomic Physics with 1-D and 2-D Photonic Bandgap Structures

Kimble - Painter at Caltech
D. Chang at ICFO
I. Cirac at MPQ
K. Choi at KIST



Oskar Painter
Caltech



Quantum Optics with 1-d Photonic Structures



- Large atom-photon interaction

$$\frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma'} \approx 20 \rightarrow r_1 = \frac{\Gamma_{1D}}{\Gamma' + \Gamma_{1D}} \approx 0.95$$

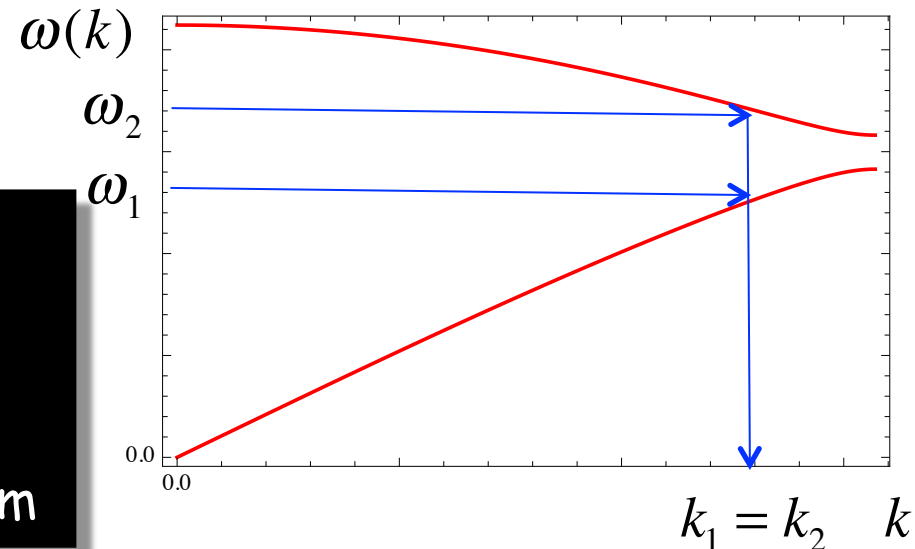
- Strong coupling in cQED

Single-photon Rabi frequency $\Omega_1 \gtrsim 1$ GHz
Critical photon number $n_0 \lesssim 10^{-6}$ photons

- Wave-vector "engineering"

Long-range atom-atom interactions mediated by single photons

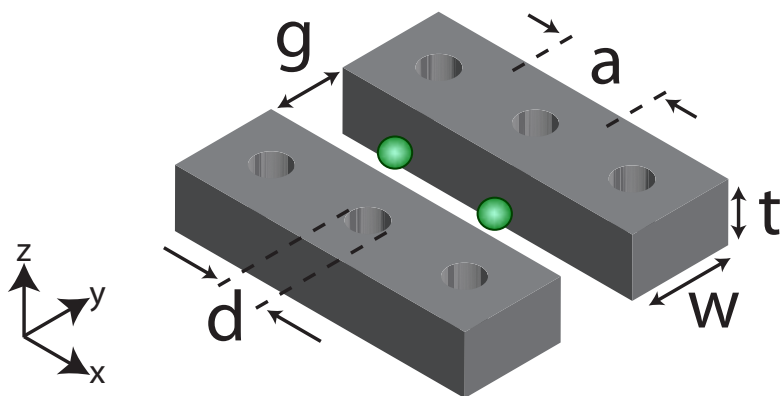
Quantum many-body physics for internal & external degrees of freedom



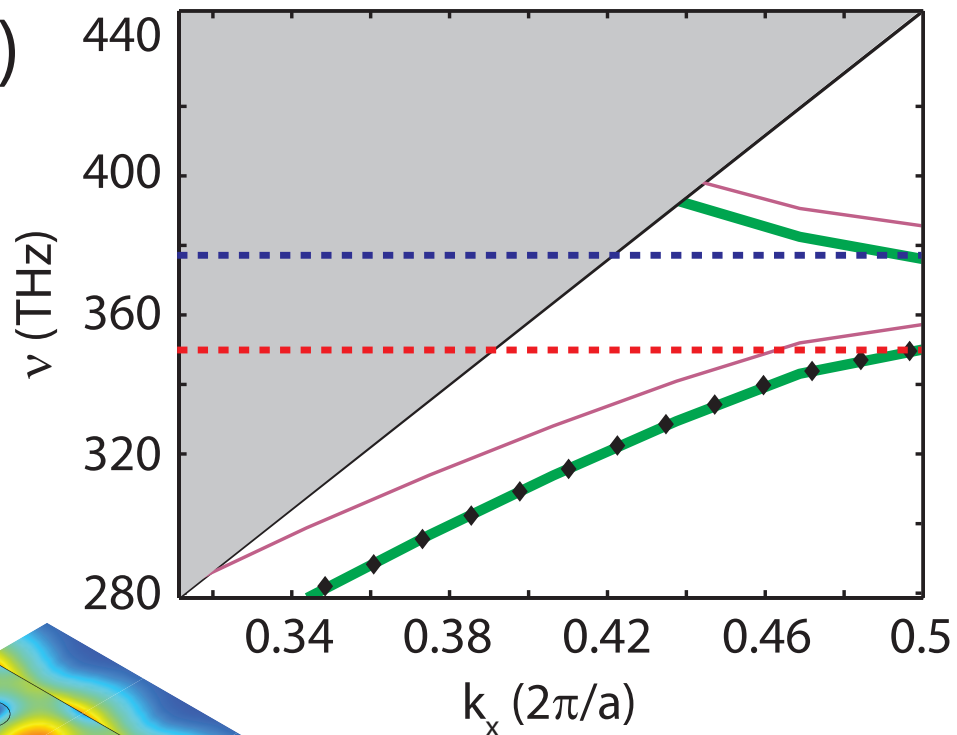
Magic Wavelength Optical Trap at 792nm for Atomic Cesium

C.-L. Lung Hung, S. Meenehan, D. Chang, O. Painter, J. Kimble, arXiv:1301.5252

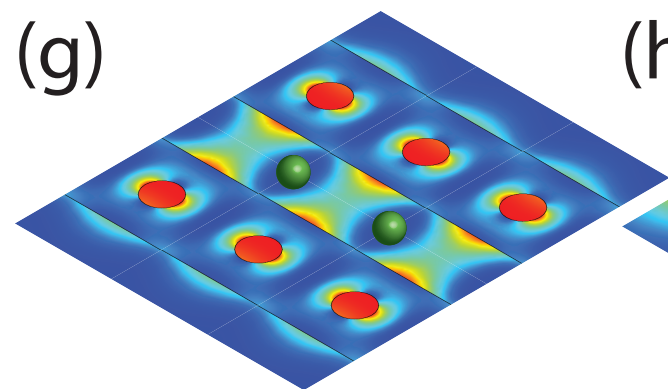
(e)



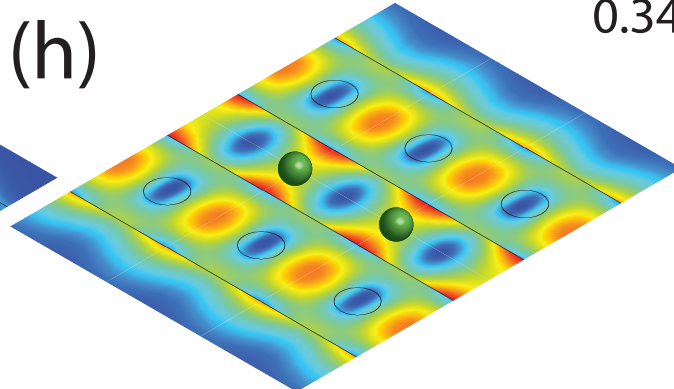
(f)



(g)

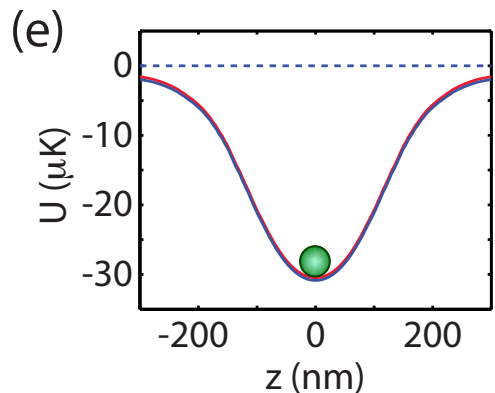
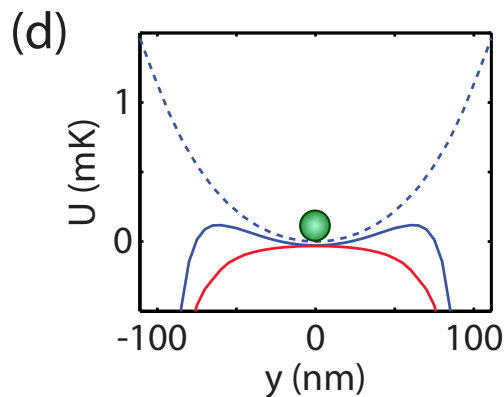
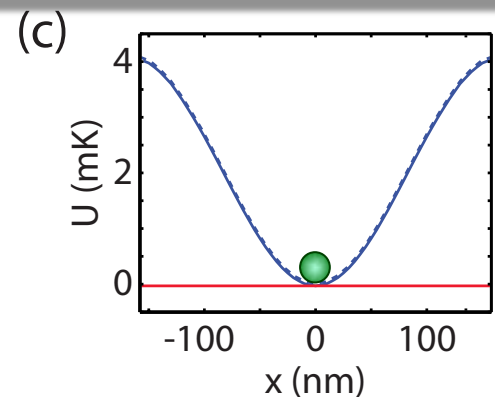
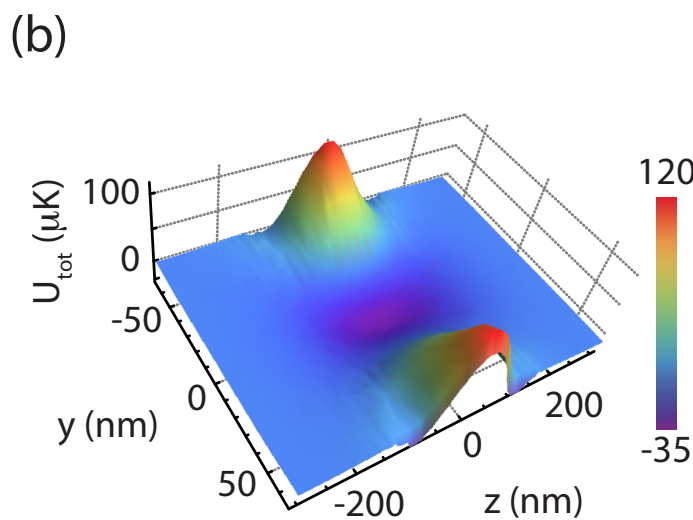
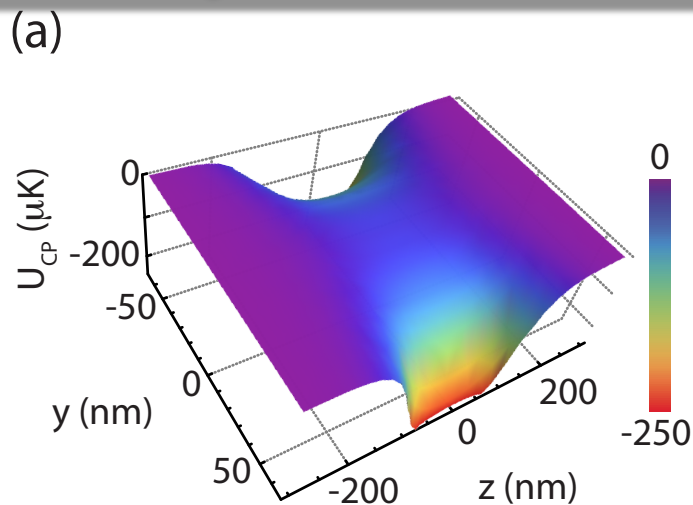
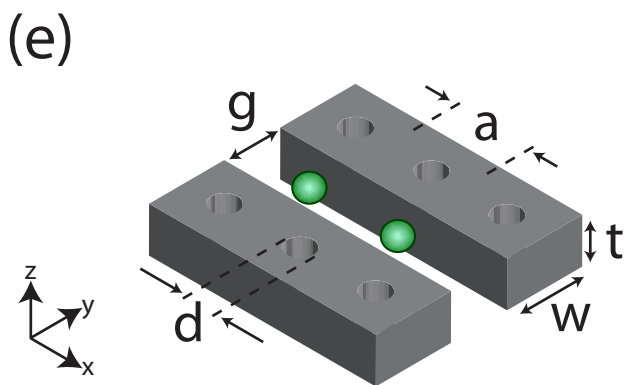


(h)



Magic Wavelength Optical Trap at 792nm for Atomic Cesium - Hybrid trap from optical and vacuum forces

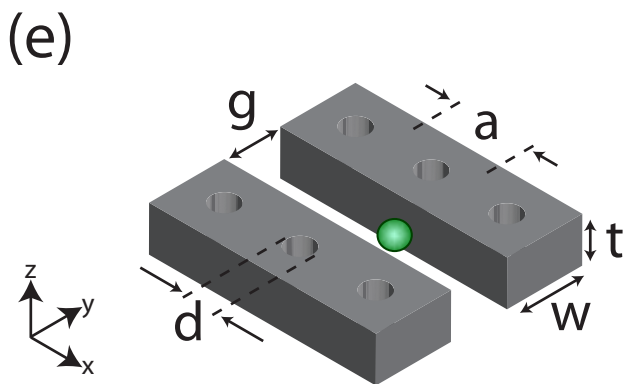
C.-L. Hung, S. Meenehan, D. Chang, O. Painter, J. Kimble, arXiv:1301.5252



Total spontaneous decay rate γ_{tot} for 1 atom in a 1-D photonic crystal

Cesium $6P_{3/2}, F = 5 \rightarrow 6S_{1/2}, F = 4$

C.-L. Hung, S. Meenehan, D. Chang,
O. Painter, J. Kimble, arXiv:1301.5252

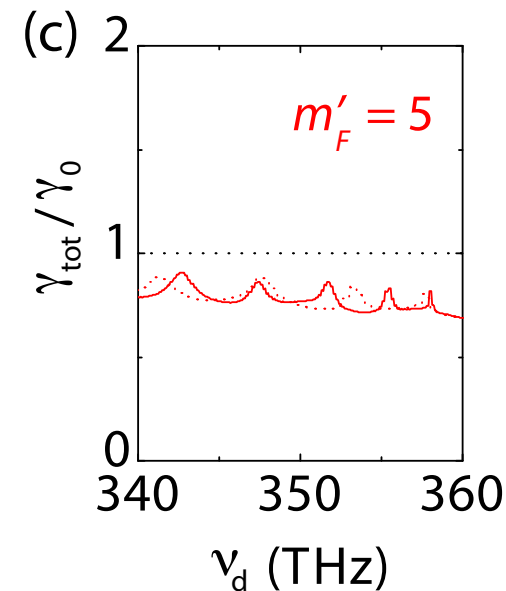
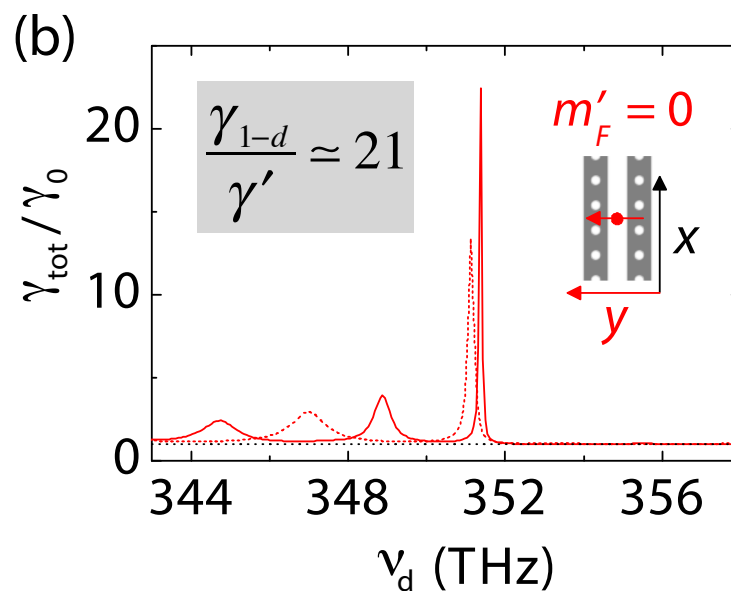
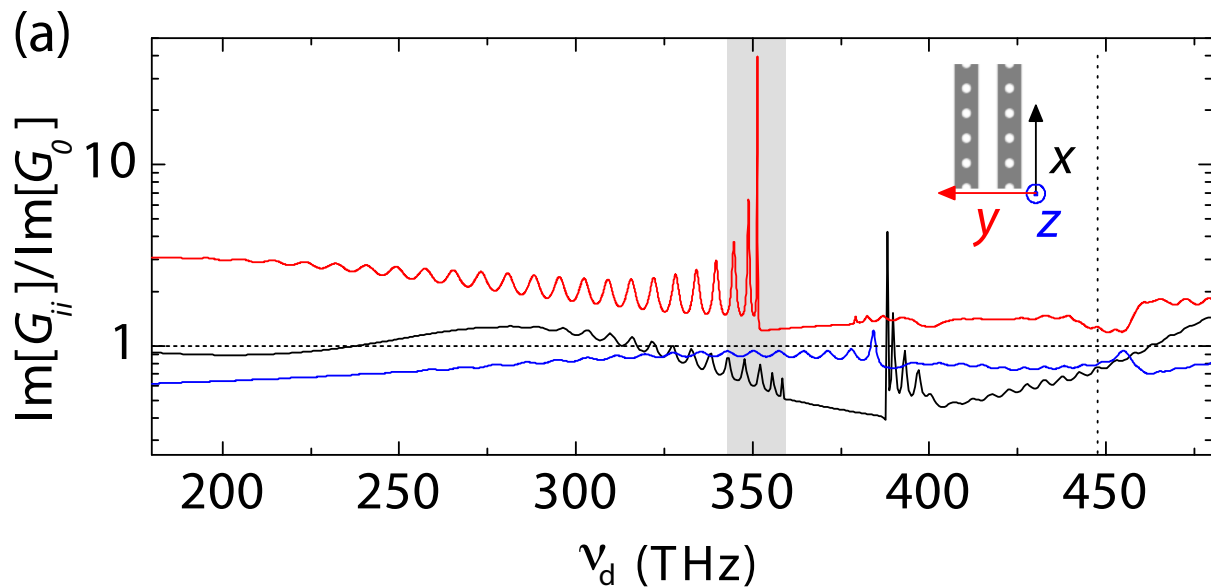


1-atom reflection:

$$r_1 = \frac{\gamma_{1-d}}{\gamma_{1-d} + \gamma'} \simeq 0.95$$

1-atom transmission:

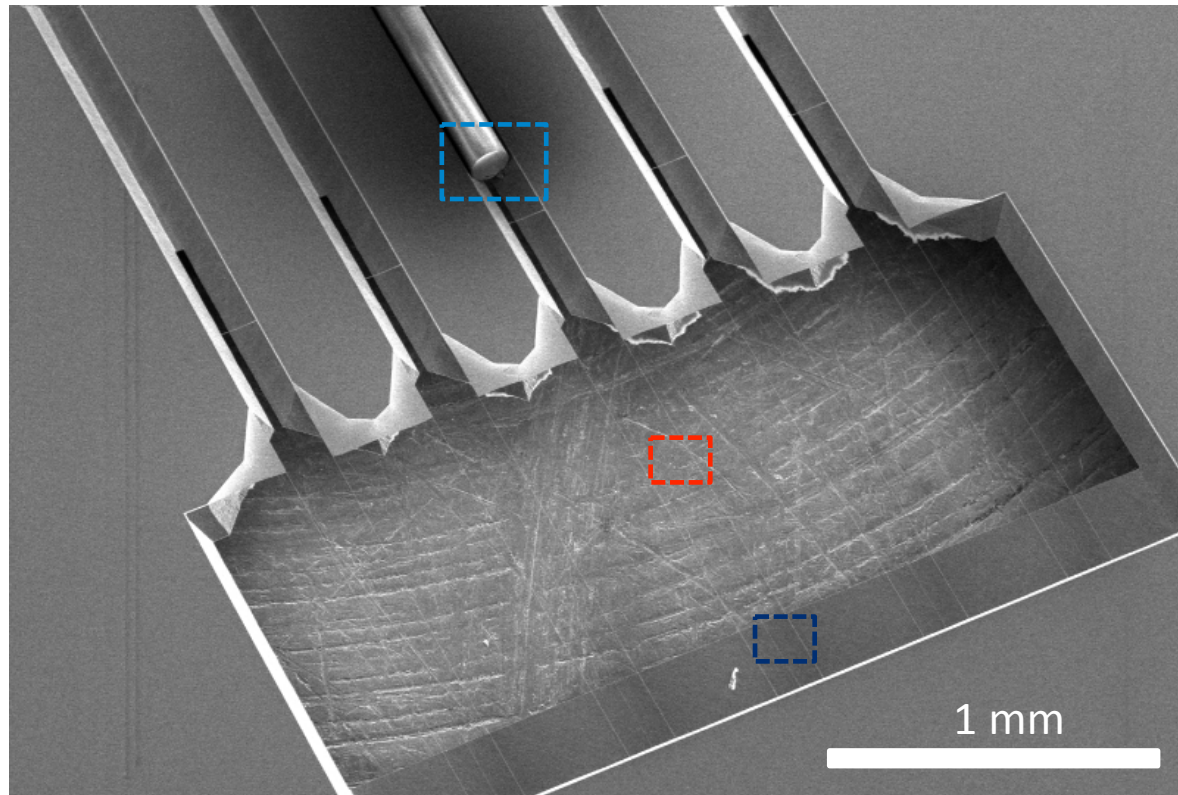
$$T = (1 - r_1)^2 \simeq 0.003$$



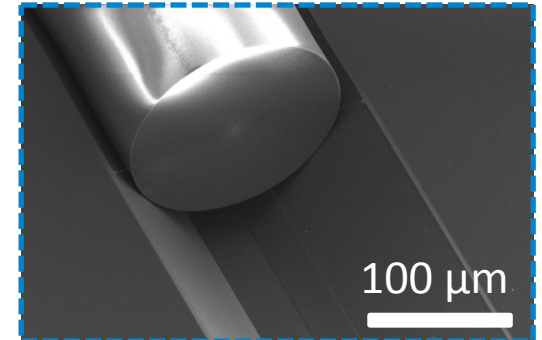
Device Design and Fabrication

1-d photonic waveguide butt coupled to conventional optical fiber

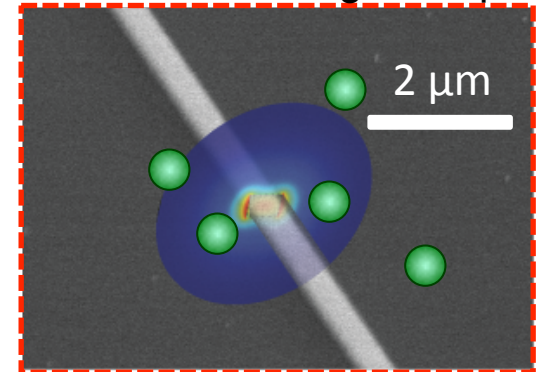
- Efficient "on chip" quantum connectivity provided by photons over integrated optical networks.



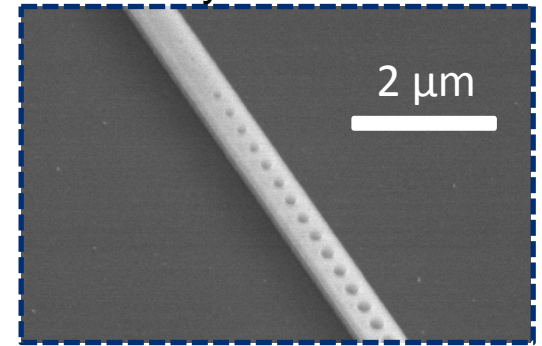
Efficient butt-coupled fiber



Evanescent atom-light coupling

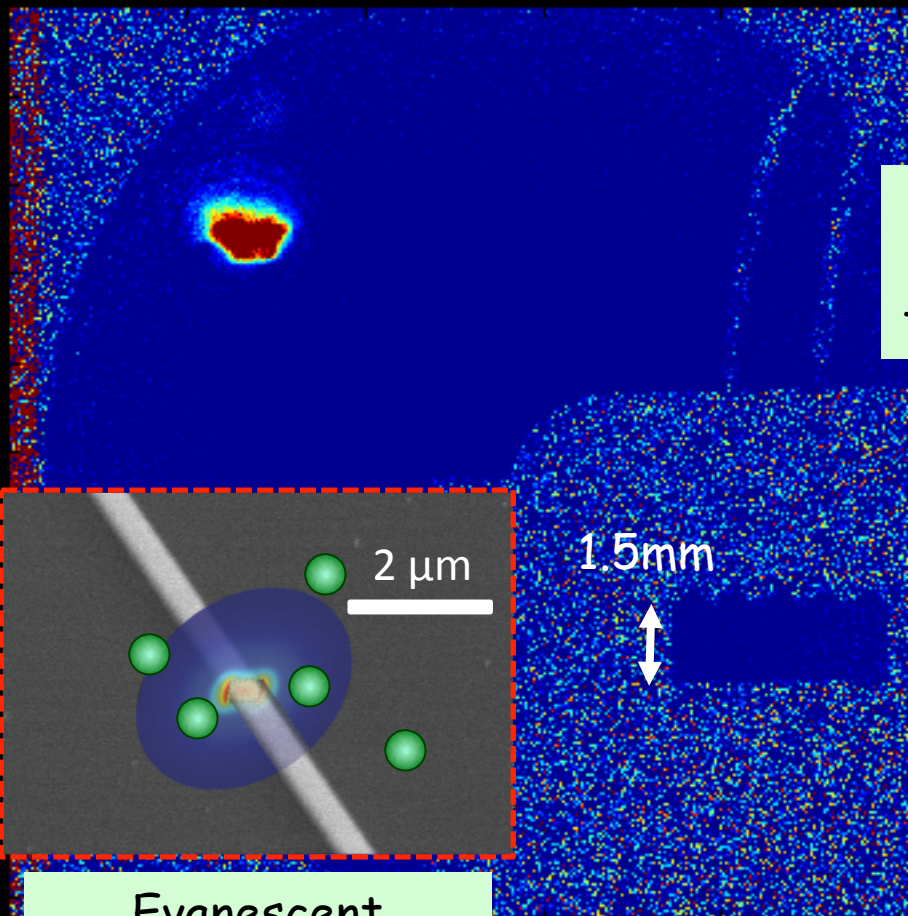


Photonic crystal mirrors/cavities



Progress in the Laboratory - Kimble¹ & Painter² Groups

$N_i \sim 10^7$ Cs atoms
at $\rho \sim 10^{12}/\text{cm}^3$
 $T \sim 10\mu\text{K}$



Optical fiber
butt-coupled
to SiN device

SiN device -
 $\sim 300\text{nm} \times 200\text{nm}$
waveguide
terminated by
1-d mirror

$N_f \sim 10^6$ Cs atoms
at $\rho \sim 10^{11}/\text{cm}^3$
 $T \sim 100\mu\text{K}$

Evanescent
atom-light coupling

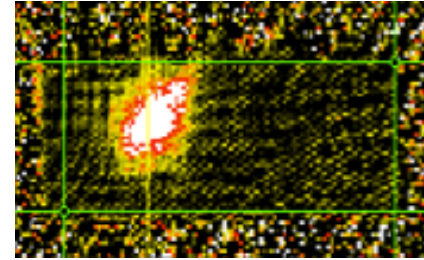
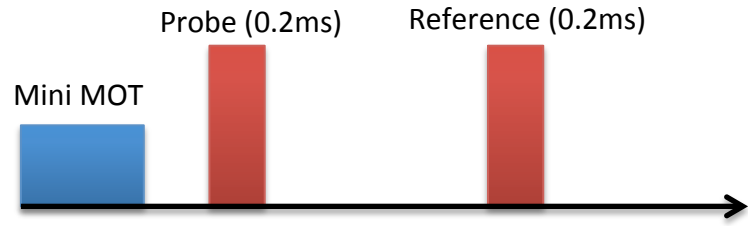
1c) Daniel Alton
Pol Forn Diaz
Andrew McClung
Martin Pototschnig

1b) Ding Ding
Jae Lee
Juan Muniz

1a) Aki Goban
Chen-Lung Hung
Jonathan Hood
Su-Peng Yu

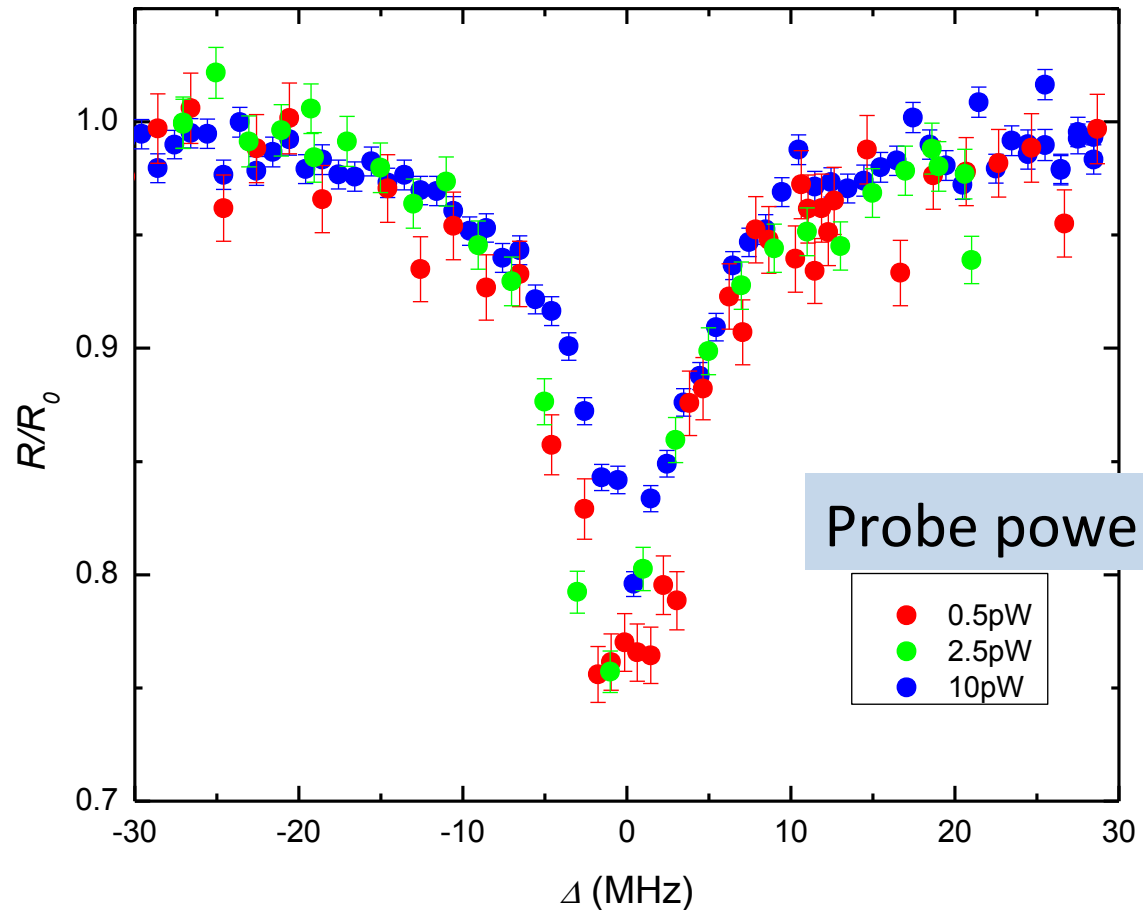
2. Sean Meenehan
Justin Cohen
Richard Norte

Recent lab progress - Reflection measurement: power dependence



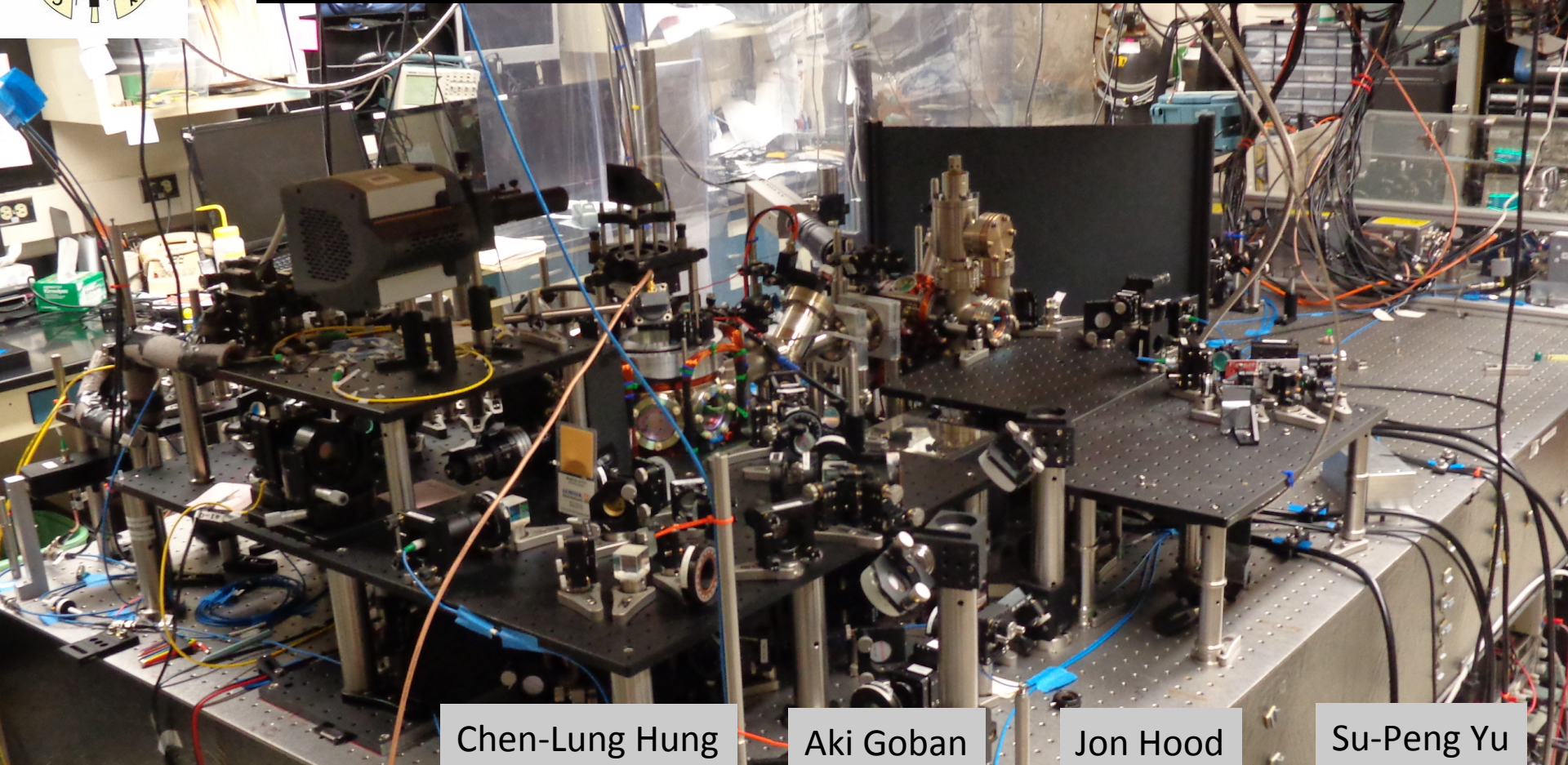
Time of flight: τ \longleftrightarrow

$$\frac{R}{R_0} = \frac{P_{\text{probe}}}{P_{\text{Reference}}}$$





Construction of a New Apparatus for Atom Trapping in 1-d Photonic Crystals

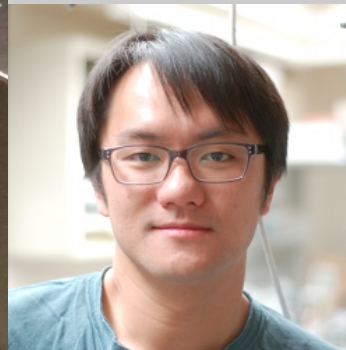


Chen-Lung Hung

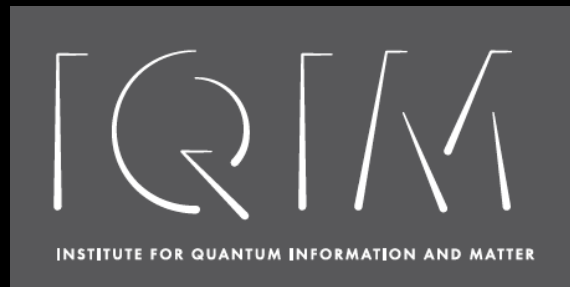
Aki Goban

Jon Hood

Su-Peng Yu



IQIM video available at
<http://iqim.caltech.edu/outreach/index.html>





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